THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

CONTAINING

Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,776—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1889.

CUTLER, PALMER'S CLARETS.

As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts. pts.		Qts. pts
2-8 1-0	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	12-8 1-00
22-8 12-0		22-0 12-0
25-0 13-8	Dinner—St. Julien, La Rose and Palme	25-0 13-0
28-0 15-0		28-0 15-0
34-0 18-0	After Dinner—Chateau Rauzan, Lafitt	34-0 18-0
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"C. P. & Co.'s stock and selection of Claret are the largest, and rank as the finest in India."

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday. 1889.
† SIAM	3011	500	H. Weighell	22nd Nov.
BL OCEANA	6500	1500	P. S. Tomlin	29th ,,
ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	6th Dec.
BL CORomandel	4000	800	I. Reeves	13th ,,
† SIAM	3011	500	H. Weighell	20th ,,
BL KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	27th ,,
				1890
† ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	3rd Jan.
BL THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	10th ,,
† SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weighell	17th ,,
BL GANGES	4206	800	T. I. Alderton	24th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	31st ,,
BL ORIENTAL	5503	1000	E. Stewart	7th Feb.
† SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weighell	14th ,,
BL CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parlitt	21st ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	28th ,,
BL PENINSULAR	5500	1000	W. J. Webber	7th Mar.
ML MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	14th ,,
† SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weighell	14th ,,
BL SUTLEJ	4 05	800	W. D. Worcester	21st ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	28th ,,

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the main route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a. m. on the day of sailing.

*The steamers marked ML proceed to London *via* Marseilles.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. On or about
GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	21st Nov.
ORIENT L	5500	1000	E. Stewart	5th Dec.
CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parlit	19th ,,
PENINSULAR	5500	1000	W. J. Webber	2nd Jan. 1890.
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	16th Jan.
MASSILLIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	29th ,,
PEKIN	3929	500	P. Harris	13th Feb.
COROMANDEL	4500	800	I. Reeves	27th ,,

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves [illegible] and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call [illegible] port or ports.

[illegible]rther particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,

[illegible]perintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

[illegible]ober 1889.

[redacted] GENERALE ITALIANA

[redacted] FLORIO RUBATTINO.

[redacted]alian Mail Steamers

[redacted]OMBAY for GENOA and [illegible]lar intervals of 20 days, [illegible]SUEZ, PORT SAID, [illegible]s. 340, and Rs. 150 [illegible]ectively, inclusive [illegible]livered in LON[illegible]t allowed in the [illegible]pecial Rates for [illegible]

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE:

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st Dec.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Dec.
DOMENICO-BALDUINO	5,000	800	10th Jan. 1890
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st Feb. 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 120, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail
BORMIDA	On the 9th December 1889.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,

Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Nov. 16, 1889.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	650	5th Dec.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	5th Jan. 90

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 1[illegible]

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22[illegible] and BRINDISI on the 24th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ELEKTRA	A. Lussich	1 000	600	10th Jan. 90

Calling at Aden, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MELPOMENE	E. Perini	3,800	550	11th Dec. 89

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 11th Oct. 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 12th December 1889 at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

GUSTAVE RAT, Acting Agent,

29, Esplanade Road.

MACIVER LINE.

FIRST-CLASS PASSAGES ON VERY MODERATE TERMS.

S. S. "LYCIA," 3,139 tons, carrying a Doctor and Stewardess, Cabins amidship and Electric Light, sails for Plymouth or Liverpool at the end of December. Apply to

Messrs. KILLICK NIXON, and Co.,

Agents, MacIver Line.

31, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY of CARTHAGE," 2,650 Tons, Captain Wm. Frame, will SAIL for LIVERPOOL on or about the 14th December. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins (on deck), Baths, Punkahs and every comfort for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.

Bombay, 14th November 1889.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m. on 24th November, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 20th November, and the

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,086 tons, at 11 a.m. on SATURDAY, 23rd November, calling at Kutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,680 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 23rd November, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 14th December.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 21st November.

FOR RANGOON.

THE S. S. "COLABA," 1,460 tons, on or about 11th December.

The undersigned are prepared to accept Marine Risks on the Indian Imperial Marine Insurance Company, Ltd.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,

Bombay, 19th November 1889. Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	To sail.
S.S. BELGRAVIA	Boothby	5,000	25th Nov.

ATTENTION is invited to this well-known and favourite passenger steamer, sailing punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess and has every comfort for First-class Passengers. The refrigerating room ensures an ample supply of ice throughout the voyage. Fares to Marseilles very moderate. Voyage not expected to exceed 20 days. Books through to London (overland from Marseilles) or to Liverpool by sea all the way.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Vessel.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
S.S. "ARMENIA"	3,395	G. Read	7th Dec.

The above vessel will sail punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess and has every comfort for first class passengers. For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,

Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 16th Nov. 1889.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. PASSENGER SEASON, 1889-90.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON have pleasure in inviting the attention of Members of the Civil and Military Services, who may desire to take advantage of the new and much improved Second Saloon accomodation of the P. & O. Company's Vessels, to their system of Registration of Forward bookings, by which the names of intending Passengers are registered, and from which parties are selected and grouped together in specially selected Cabins.

For further particulars and dates of sailing of Steamers of the P. & O. and other Lines see Cook's "Oriental Travellers' Gazette," containing Telegraphic Cote, post free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,

11, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

[illegible] ADVERTISEMENTS.

ICE PAILS.

	Rs. a.
Made of Finest Cut Crystal Glass, with Electro-plated Mounts ..... each from	10 0
All Electro-plate, plain, chased, or engraved, from Rs. 25 to	45 0
The "Club" or "Mess" Ice Pail, in finest Electro-plate, complete with Claws	45 0
Fancy China Ice Pails, in great variety ... from	16 0
Ice Tongs and Claws ..... per pair Rs. 4-8 and	7 8
Ice Hammers ..... each	7 8

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SALAD BOWLS AND SERVERS.

	Rs. a.
Salad Bowls in richly cut Crystal, mounted in Electro-plate, complete with Servers to match	60 0
Salad Bowls, English Oak, mounted in best Electro-plate, with removeable Porcelain lining, complete with Servers	56 0
Salad Bowls as above, "Tub" Shape	55 0
Salad Bowls, in fancy China and other patterns, including	
The "Fluted Art" Pottery	50 0
The Fine Art do.	50 0

TREACHER AND Co., LIMITED,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S

DOUBLE WALLED ICE JUGS, FOR ICED WATER, CLARET CUP, &c.

	Rs. a.
Made of the best Electro-plate, richly chased and ornamented, with moveable Porcelain Linings, capacity from 2½ pts. to 6 pts. Rs. 45, Rs. 50, Rs. 54, Rs. 68, and	78 0
Claret Cup Jugs, made of selected Oak, with Electro-plated Mounts	58 0
Ice Water Urns, Electro-plated, beautifully chased and engraved, in great variety, each from	200 0
Ice Water Sets, comprising Jug, Goblet, Ice Bowl and Salver ..... from	160 0
Ice Water Tilting Sets, consisting of Double Walled Ice Jug and 2 Goblets, fitted on handsome Stand, richly chased and engraved	155 0
Ice Water Tilting Sets, consisting of Double Walled Ice Jug, Goblet and Ice Bowl, fitted on Stand ..... Rs. 125 and	180 0

TREACHER AND Co., Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

IVORY GOODS.

New Stock just to hand. A pretty and useful Assortment of articles suitable for Presents, &c.

	Rs. a.
Ivory backed Hair Brushes, Pairs, in cases, together with Ivory Glove Stretcher, Dressing Comb, and Hand Mirror, per case	120 0
Ivory backed Hair Brushes for Ladies or Gentlemen, Pairs, in cases, complete with Comb to match, per case ... Rs. 47-8, Rs. 58, Rs. 67-8,	75 0
Ivory backed Hair Brushes, Military shape, for Gents, in Solid Leather case, per pair Rs. 45,	Rs. 50, 60 0
Ivory backed Hair Brushes for Infants' use, each	6 4
Ivory Dressing Combs, each ..... Rs. 8-8	10 8
Ivory Rat Tail Combs for Ladies' use, each Rs. 4	4 12
Ivory Hat and Clothes Brushes, each	15 0
Ivory Hand Mirrors, each	30 0
Ivory Glove Stretchers, each	12 8
Ivory Mounted Razor Strops, each	9 0
Ivory Paper Knives, in great variety, each from	Rs. 7 to 65 0
Ivory Paper Knives, with Sterling Silver Handles, each ..... Rs. 25 to	63 0
Ivory Paper Knives for Pocket, each	1 8
Ivory Book Markers, ornamented with Silver, each	2 12
Ivory Memorandum Tablets, each	6 0

TREACHER & Co., Limited,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

JEWELLERY.

THIS Branch of TREACHER & Co.'s extensive business receives special care and attention from the Management, who confine their dealings to FIRST-CLASS LONDON MANUFACTURERS ONLY.

GOLD JEWELLERY.

	Rs. a. Rs.
BRACELETS—Plain and worked Gold and Jewelled with Diamonds, Pearls, &c. ..... from	36 0 to 500
BROOCHES—Plain and worked Gold and Jewelled with Pearls, Diamonds, &c.	20 0 to 200
EARRINGS—The newest designs, all Gold and Jewelled	10 8 to 200
LOCKETS—Plain Bright or Dead Gold and Jewelled Diamonds, Pearls, &c.	50 0 to 225
NECKLETS—Various new and handsome patterns	100 0 to 400
COLLARETTES	250 0 to 300
DEMI-SUITES OF JEWELLERY, comprising Brooch and Earrings ..	40 0 to 280
LOCKET and EARRINGS	135 0 to 200
BROOCH PENDANT and EARRINGS	126 0 to 200
RINGS—Ladies' Keeper	20 0 to 28
Ladies' Jewelled plain Gipsy Tablet, half Hoop, &c., in a variety of chaste and elegant designs	30 0 to 400
Gentlemen's Plain Gold Signet and Diamond	40 0 to 400

SILVER JEWELLERY.

BRACELETS and BANGLES, plain, engraved or chased ..... from	5 0 to 36
LOCKETS, plain, [illegible] or chased	7 0 to 22
NECKLETS	15 0 to 60
COLLARETTES	40 0 to 60
DEMI-SUITES, comprising Brooch and Earrings	12 0 to 26
EARRINGS	3 0 to 6
BROOCHES	4 8 to 16
SCARF PINS	1 0 to 7-8
CHAINS, Gentlemen's Albert	10 8 to 18
CHAINS, Ladies' Albert	9 0 to 17
PEN and PENCIL CASES by ..... Mordan	6 0 to 18
TOOTH PICKS	2 4 to 5-8
STUDS, LINKS and COLLAR-STUDS	10 0 to 16

"HALL MARKED" SILVER GOODS.

GOBLETS ..... from	110 0 to 300
SALT CELLARS, set of 4 and 6, in case	85 0 to 160
KNIFE, FORK and SPOON, in case	60 0 to 70
KNIFE, FORK, SPOON and NAPKIN RING, in case	70 0 to 100
FORKS and SPOON, in case	35 0 to 40
MUGS	45 0 to 90
TEA, COFFEE or ICE SPOONS ...	50 0 to 65
CHILD'S BRUSH and POWDER BOX	45 0 to 50
MUFFINEERS (set of 3)	90 0 to 110
BUTTER DISHES	... ...

	Rs. a. Rs
CROSSES, plain or engraved, &c., ... from	50 0 to 70
SCARF PINS, all Gold or Jewelled	7 0 to 135
CHAINS, Ladies' or Gentlemen's Albert	75 0 to 200
PENCIL CASES, plain, engraved, engine-turned, or fluted, by Mordan	27 0 to 100
PEN and PENCIL CASES, engraved by Mordan	55 0 to 100
TOOTH PICKS	10 0 to 30
STUDS and LINKS, &c., comprising Collar Stud, 3 Shirt front Studs, and a pair of Sleeve Links	55 0 to 80
Shirt front Studs, set of 3 in case	13 8 to 18
LINKS, all gold, per pair, in case ...	35 0 to 60
GOLD WEDDING RINGS	25 0 to 30
PEARL NECKLETS	225 0 to 360
PEARL SAFETY BROOCHES	... ...
COMBINED PINS and STUDS	... ...
GOLD-MOUNTED PEN-HOLDERS	18 0 to 27
GOLD WHISTLES	27 0 to 35
GOLD COMPASSES	40 0 to 75
SINGLE STONE DIAMOND EAR-TOPS	150 0 to 300
SMELLING BOTTLES ..... from	5 0 to 75
SILVER MOUNTED PAPER KNIVES	12 0 to 32
SILVER MOUNTED TOILET BOTTLES	10 0 to 33
SILVER WRITING SETS	36 0 to 45
SILVER CIGAR CUTTERS	6 0 to 9
SILVER WHISTLES	6 0 to 7-8
SILVER MOUNTED PEN-HOLDERS	1 8 to 5
SILVER MOUNTED GLOVE STRETCHERS	31 8 each.
SILVER MOUNTED CURLING TONGS	27 0 each.
GENTS' SILVER CARD CASES	25 0 to 37-8
LADIES' SILVER CARD CASES	40 0 to 75
SILVER PURSES	54 0 each.
SILVER MOUNTED TEA SERVICES ..... from	115 0 to 130
SUGAR BOWLS and SIFTERS.	75 0 to 90
PAP BOWLS and SPOONS	85 0 to 95
BOUQUET HOLDERS	40 0 to 50
CIGARETTE CASES	27 0 to 65
CIGARETTE CASES and MATCH BOXES	65 0 to 75
CIGAR CASES	95 0 to 105
CIGAR CASES and MATCH BOXES	... ...
CIGAR CASE, CIGARETTE CASE, and MATCH BOX	150 0 to 200
MATCH BOXES	15 0 to 25
TOBACCO BOXES	45 0 to 60

WEDDING PRESENTS,

BIRTHDAY PRESENTS,

SOUVENIRS, &c.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE.

MESSRS. GIESLER'S reputation as one of the LEADING CHAMPAGNE HOUSES is thoroughly established in every market in the world. Their "INDIA BRAND" Champagne, wherever introduced, has been invariably admired and is undoubtedly one of the BEST Wines of its class imported into India.

This Wine was drunk at several of the banquets given in honour of His Excellency Lord Dufferin when on tour in November last.

Price per dozen Quarts, Rs. 57-0; Pints, Rs. 32-0.

The following well-known Champagnes are also kept in stock:—

	Cash Prices, per doz. Quarts. Rs. a.	Pints. Rs. a.
HEIDSIECK'S DRY MONOPOLE	65 0	37 0
PERRIER JOUET & CO.'S FINEST DRY ...	55 0	30 0
Do. do. RESERVE CUVEE	65 0	37 0
ROEDERER'S	65 0	37 8
TREACHER'S CARTE BLANCHE	52 0	29 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

WINE MERCHANTS.

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

RIFLEMEN'S

AND CALL AND SEE MANY NEW AND USEFUL ITEMS.

SEND FOR OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED LIST.

REQUISITES

BOMBAY, Oriental Bank Buildings & Byculla Bridge. } **PHILLIPS & Co., Ld.,** { POONA, Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth.

KEMP AND CO., LD., BOMBAY.

THE subjoined SPECIALTIES are well worth the careful notice of our Constituents. Every care and attention is employed in their preparation, and they are guaranteed as being equal to anything imported.

KEMP'S Alterative Powder, Re. 1-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Antidysenteric Pills, As. 14 bottle.
KEMP'S Areca-nut Tooth Paste, Re. 1 pot.
KEMP'S Aromatized Castor Oil, Re. 1-4 bottle.
KEMP'S Arrowroot and Bael, Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Arrowroot and Pomegranate, Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Brilliantine, Re. 1-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Brown Windsor Soap, As. 10 and Re. 1-4 packet.
KEMP'S Camphorated Myrrh Dentifrice, tin As. 10, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Chemical Food, Re. 1 and Re. 1-12 bot.
KEMP'S Chlorodyne, As. 12, Rs. 2, and Rs. 4 bot.
KEMP'S Cold Cream, Re. 1 pot.
KEMP'S Complexion Fluid, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Dialysed Iron, As. 12 and Re. 1-8 bot.
KEMP'S Digestive Tablets, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Easton's Syrup, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 bot.
KEMP'S Edina Whisky, Rs. 27-8 doz.
KEMP'S Extract of Meat, Re. 1-4 bottle.
KEMP'S Fever Drops, Rs. 2 bottle.
KEMP'S Fever Saline, Re. 1-4 bottle.
KEMP'S Floral Mouth Elixir, Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4 bottle.
KEMP'S Gymkhana Bouquet, Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Ginger Essence, Re. 1 and Rs. 2 bottle.
KEMP'S Hair Dye, Rs. 2 case.
KEMP'S Hair Douche, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Insect Powder, As. 12, Re. 1-6, & Rs. 2-8 tin
KEMP'S Iodized Sarsaparilla, Rs. 2-8, Rs. 4-8, and Rs. 8-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Jeweller's Rouge, As. 12 bottle.
KEMP'S Juice of Rhinacanthus, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Kino Lozenges, As. 12 bottle.
KEMP'S Lavender Water, Re. 1-4, Rs. 2, and Rs. 3 bottle.
KEMP'S Limejuice and Glycerine, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Marking Ink, As. 8 phial.
KEMP'S Mutton Extract, Rs. 3 bottle.
KEMP'S Nutritive Elixir, Rs. 2 bottle.
KEMP'S Nutritive Extract, Re. 1 and Rs. 2 bottle.
KEMP'S Ovoid Pills, all kinds, see List.
KEMP'S Oils, various, see List.
KEMP'S Peppermint Crystal, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Pomades, various, for the Hair, As. 12 bottle.
KEMP'S Quinine Wine, Rs. 22 doz.
KEMP'S Rhamnus Frangula, Re. 1-12 bottle.
KEMP'S Rheumatikon, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Ros Alpinus, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Sarsaparilla, Rs. 2-4, Rs. 4, and Rs. 7-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Syrups, various, see List.
KEMP'S Taraxacum and Podophyllin, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Universal Remedies, see List.
KEMP'S Vermin Exterminator, As. 12 bottle.
KEMP'S Vivone, Rs. 2, doz. bottles.
KEMP'S Writing Ink, Re. 1 per bottle

KEMP AND CO., LD., BOMBAY.

THE STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE

MESSRS. SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S

"STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE"

IS the best Pianoforte ever constructed for the Indian climate. It has all the good qualities of the world-famed "Grand Sympathetic Square," which the Makers, after years of research, trials, and alterations, have succeeded in transforming to the Most Perfect Piano specially made for extremes of climate like that of India.

Notwithstanding the transformation has been effected at considerable outlay, it has been decided not to increase the Price, which will be the same as that of the Grand Sympathetic Square, viz.

FOR CASH RS. 780.

Twelve monthly-hire payments .. ..Rs. 72 per month.
Twenty-four do. do. ... ...Rs. 38 per month.
Zinc-lined packing case ... .Rs. 25 extra.

The weight of the Piano when packed complete is 11 *maunds* 30 *seers.*

ADDRESS:

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PIANOFORTES OF MESSRS. SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE, STUTTGART,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

ROYAL VISIT TO INDIA

FRESH SHIPMENT OF

REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS

JUST TO HAND.

			Rs. a.
HENRY CLAYS,	Bouquets ..... per box of	25	12 8
Do.	Reg. Londres ..... ,,	50	20 0
Do.	Reg. Madrid ..... ,,	,,	14 0
LA CAUCADUA,	Vegueros ..... ,,	,,	14 0
Do.	do. ..... ,,	100	26 0
HENRY CLAYS,	Non Plus Ulta ..... ,,	,,	20 0
EL PILOTO,	Reg. Preciosa ..... ,,	,,	20 0
EL FERRO,	Reg. Chica ..... ,,	,,	18 0
LA ESPERA,	Reg. Conchas ..... ,,	,,	16 0
ESPECIALES,	Reg. Reina ..... ,,	,,	14 0

J. NEUBERG,

5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

GRAND CONSIGNMENT

OF

MIRRORS

AND

MOULDINGS

NOW ON VIEW FOR A SHORT PERIOD ONLY.

L. HARTMANN & CO.,

10, MEADOWS STREET, BOMBAY,

AND AT CALCUTTA.

BELTS.

Best English make, in stout Webbing.

Artillery, Bombay Gymkhana, and Carlton Club Colours. Each Rs. 4.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CUTLER, PALMER

WINES AND SPIRITS. & CO'S

FOR INVALIDS AND CONNOISSEURS.

NOTED ALL OVER INDIA.

PORTS.

		Per Dozen. R.	a.
Old Crusted	Bronze Capsule	41	12
Invalids' Superior	Gold Capsule	29	12
Superior Dessert	Black Capsule	26	0
Full Body	Red Capsule	22	0
Spanish	Green Capsule	17	4

SHERRIES, &c.

Amontillado, A1	Gold Capsule	44	8
Solera	Black Capsule	33	0
Amoroso	Black Capsule	31	4
Montilla	Black Capsule	31	4
Invalids'	Square Bottle	31	0
Manzanilla	Red Capsule	26	0
Pale Medium Dry	Yellow Capsule	24	0
Vino de Pasto	Pink Capsule	23	0
Dinner Sherry	White Capsule	18	12
Do. do.	Blue Capsule	15	8
Marsala	Yellow Capsule	18	4
Madeira, E. I.	Black Capsule	44	0
Do.	Blue Capsule	27	0

INVALIDS' PORT.

CERTIFICATE.

London, 13th Feb. 1888

I hereby certify that I have carefully examined two bottles of "CUTLER PALMER & CO.'S INVALIDS' PORT," and am of opinion that the Wine is free from adulteration, and is a good sound Wholesome Port.

(Signed) CHARLES E. CASSAL, F.I.C., F.C.S.
Member of the Society of Public Analysts, and of the Council of the Sanitary Institute.

Price per doz. quarts Rs. 29-12.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 48 for one year, 25 for 6 months, 13 for 3 months. Rs. 6 per month, in advance postage extra.

CUTLER, PALMER

WINES AND SPIRITS. & CO'S

FOR INVALIDS AND CONNOISSEURS.

NOTED ALL OVER INDIA.

CHAMPAGNES.

Binet & Co.'s Dry Elite	66 0
Wachter & Co.'s Royal Charter	64 8
Perinet & Fils	66 8
Heidseick Dry Monopole	66 8
Crown Champagne, C. P. & Co.'s	48 0
Jean Sibadey's Carte Blanche	37 8
Sparkling Saumur, Gold Foil	29 0

BINET, FILS & CO.'S DRY ELITE CHAMPAGNE,

THE PREMIER CHAMPAGNE IN INDIA.

All connoisseurs of Champagne should taste this Wine. We are sure they will be more than satisfied with the quality, and surprised at its moderate price.

Quarts ..... per doz. Rs. 66 0
Pints ..... per 2 doz. 69 0

NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S

OLD HIGHLAND WHISKY,

In Square Bottles.

CERTIFICATE.

Dear Sirs,

Having carefully analysed a sample of your Whisky, I am able to certify it is exceptionally free from fusel oil.

I consider it to be a well-matured and wholesome Whisky of excellent quality.

Yours faithfully,

(*Signed*) BERNARD DYER, F. C. S.

Price per doz. quarts. Rs. 29-8.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA

FAMILY REMITTANCES.—Arrangement made for monthly payments in England.

BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and remitted direct if required.

TELEGRAPHIC Transfers made and for that purpose Names and Addresses registered free of cost.

DEPOSIT Accounts opened available only for remittance (at any time) in our own Bills on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
COLUMBIA ELITE
ROLLER-SKATING RINK,
NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.
ADMISSION, TUESDAY (People's night), Annas 8;
ALL OTHER NIGHTS ONE RUPEE.
SKATING FROM 8-30 till 11.

The Rink is also open every morning for practice for Ladies only from 10 to 12 and for Gentlemen only from 7 to 9.

To these special morning sessions ADMISSION IS FREE.

Every Saturday morning Children's Martinee. Children free, others 8 Annas.

On and after
FRIDAY, 22ND NOVEMBER,
(until further notice.)
There will be an EXTRA SESSION.
EVERY EVENING FROM 5 TO 7-30,
to which admission will be the same, Re. 1.

On Friday at 6 p. m.
MR. H. A. SIMMONS,
PREMIER SKATER
OF THE WORLD,
will give an exhibition of
ARTISTIC SKATING.
Concert by the Columbia full Band every Evening and Night.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY,

NOW RUNNING DAILY. GREAT SUCCESS. Reduced Prices to enable every one to participate in this health-giving amusement.

Entrance ... 2 Annas
Switchback Railway ... 4 do.

For special days and Bands, see future advertisements.

Books of Tickets to be obtained at the Switchback (12 for Rs. 2-12).

SHIPPERS and CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Mail Steamer "R. RUBATTINO," Captain G. Merello, are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL from GENOA on and that she is LOADING and DISCHARGING in the Victoria Dock.

All CLAIMS for short delivery, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the Steamer, otherwise they will NOT BE ADMITTED under any circumstances.

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elph. Circle, Bombay, 1889.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. "CLAN MURRAY," arrived from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Prince's Dock.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.

After removal from the landing she is the Steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever.

All CLAIMS must be presented for settlement within a FORTNIGHT of the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 18th Nov. 1889.

BEWARE OF YOUR SAFES!

AN impression appears to be gaining ground amongst the Public that the SAFES destroyed by the recent fire at Appollo Street, were CHUBB's FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

With regard to such an impression I hereby caution the PUBLIC that, so far as very careful enquiries made by me have gone, all the SAFES so destroyed were not at all made by MESSRS. CHUBB, but simply ordinary iron SAFES, filled up with MESSRS. CHUBB LOCKS of the kind made only for fixing on wooden drawers and cupboards.

EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
Chubb's Box and Lock Mart,
37, Parsee Bazaar St, Fort, Bombay.
ESTD. 1847.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882, and in the matter of COOPER, MADON & COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).

NOTICE is hereby given that a PETITION for the WINDING UP of the abovenamed Company, subject to the supervision of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, was, on the 18th day of November 1889, presented to the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY by the said Company, and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Honorable Mr. Justice Bayley on the 9th day of December 1889, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose, and a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company, requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charges for the same.—Dated this 19th day of November 1889.

JEFFERSON BHAISHANKER,
DINSHA & KANGA,
Attorneys for the Petitioners.

BASEL "MISSION" (BALMATHA).

PANES S.

FOR SINGLE AND DOUBLE COTS of superior texture and most approved designs, famous for neatness and durability.

		Fringed on two sides. Rs. a.	Fringed on four sides. Rs. a.
For Single Cots, white	each	4 8	5 0
" " brown, khakee, green, or indigo blue	"	5 0	5 8
" " Turkey-red or Turkey lilac	"	6 0	6 8
" " white with broad Turkey-red borders.	"	5 12	6 0
For Double Cots, white	"	7 8	8 0
" " brown, khakee, green, or indigo blue	"	8 0	8 8
" " Turkey or Turkey lilac	"	9 12	10 0

Can be had from the DEPOT, No. 27, Hummum Street.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class shoeing done

---

☞ FACTS! ☜

ABOUT HUMBER CYCLES.

The Fastest Mile ever ridden on a Bicycle was on a "HUMBER."
The Fastest Mile ever ridden on a Tricycle was on a "HUMBER."
The Longest Distance (861 Miles) ridden on the Road in the shortest time on a Bicycle, was accomplished on a "HUMBER."
The Longest Distance (861 Miles) ridden on the Road in the shortest time on a Tricycle, was accomplished on a "HUMBER."
200 Miles in one day was ridden on the Road BY A LADY on a "HUMBER."
HUMBER & Co. obtained the Gold Medal at the Inventions Exhibition, London, 1885.
HUMBER & Co. have been awarded 18 other Medals for the superiority of their Cycles.
HUMBER & Co. have always obtained the Highest Award.
HUMBER & Co. hold THE FOLLOWING RECORDS all passed by the N.C.U. Record Committee.

TRICYCLE	155	out of 156
BICYCLE	97	" 153
TANDEMS	8	" 16

☞ Total RECORDS passed by the N.C.U., 325, out of which "HUMBER" machines have secured 260 leaving only 65 for all other Makers.

HUMBER & CO., Ltd.,
WORKS—
Beeston, Coventry, and Wolverhampton.
SOUNDY & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF PEARLS.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

On account and at the risk of Moteechund Hurrockchund—

1 bunch containing 24 strings, 317 pearls, weighing about 313 carats.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BILLIARD TABLE FOR SALE.

On SATURDAY next, the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Frere Road, Mody Bay, near the European General Hospital, and opposite to the Frere Hotel—

A full-sized slate billiard table, complete and in good order, by Burroughes and Watts, with 2 sets of billiard and one set of pool balls, billiard and pool marking boards, 19 cues, 8 long cues, 2 long rests, 3 short rests, 1 cue stand iron, brush cover, and 3 lamps. Also a set of spare cushions.

The table is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 28th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 97, Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome French-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plate, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned ebonized cottage pianoforte by Gerhard Adam, a handsome eleven stops organ, by Smiths American Organ Co. in good order suitable for a small church, a strong circular-fronted double-seated brougham with pole and shafts complete, and a set of English-made double harness, lady and gentlemen's saddle, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, an English clock striking half hours, real Persian, Jubbulpore and Allahabad jail-made carpets, Hink's patent kerosine oil single and three light lamps, first-rate oil paintings and pictures, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of J. O'CONNELL, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before sale.

SALE of Valuable Landed Properties at New Sonapore Road, opposite Adamjee Peerbhoy Market.

On THURSDAY, the 5th December, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, in one lot, by order of Bai Ruttonbai, widow and executrix of the will of the late Hormusjee Burjorjee Captain, the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the estate of the late Burjorjee Byramjee Neemuchwalla, the mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 10th day of February, 1868, the undermentioned valuable properties, viz.:—

All that piece or parcel of Fuzandaree land or ground, called or known by the name of Chunney Oart, together with the two messuages or dwelling-houses built or standing thereon, situate on the north side of New Sonapore Road, in the sub-district of Bhooleshwur, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2¼ square yards and three-ninths of a square yard or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of House Assessment under Nos. 34 and 35, and bounded on the east and north by public passages, on the west by a sweeper's passage, and on the south by the New Sonapore Road aforesaid.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, November 20, 1889.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BURNT BUILDING MATERIALS OF THE SASSOON'S BUILDINGS.

On THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Apollo Street, Fort, by order of the concerned:—All the building materials, rafters, tiles, bricks, &c., of the Sassoon's buildings, recently destroyed by fire.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

Also the property of Messrs. Hore, Conroy and Brown—Office iron safes.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods.

30 Indian woollen carpets of sizes.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong English-built glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 powerful bay Arab horse, 11-3, goes in single and double harness.
1 handsome strong second-hand victoria.
1 Do. fast trotting chestnut Arab horse, quiet to ride and drive.
1 bay Arab galloway, goes well in saddle and harness.

On SUNDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 49, Naigaum road, near Dadur station, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a first-rate walnut wood cottage piano in very good order, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oleographs, and pictures, Hinks patent table and hanging kerosine lamps, Brussels carpets, a handsome strong wagonette with spring cushions with a powerful bay Arab horse and harness, a handsome strong built victoria with a powerful Australian gelding, 15 hands, 5 years old and a set of English harness, &c., the property of P. Harrison, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property at Kalbadevi Road.

On MONDAY, the 2nd December next, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Shaik Ahmed bin Momshee Mahmed Ebrahim Magha, and on account and risk of the mortgagee, Kavasji Byramji Inspector, the following valuable landed property.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendare land or ground, of which Nanabhoy Bhicaji Mistry is the Fazendar, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying, and being in and fronting on the west side of Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 217-9 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Municipal Commissioner under Ward No. 1792 and bearing Street No. 26, and bounded as follows:—That is, on or towards the east by Kalbadevi Street aforesaid, on or towards the west partly by a sweeper's passage, and partly by the house of Tookaram Tatia, on or towards the south partly by sweeper's passage and partly by the house of Tookaram Tatia and on or towards the north by a passage, and which said premises formerly were and are now in the occupation of the said Kavasji Byramji Inspector and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, November 21, 1889.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Society will be held in the Committee Room, Boys' School, Byculla, on MONDAY, 25th November 1889, at 5 o'clock p.m., to receive the Report of the Council of Directors, and to transact any other business that may be duly submitted. The favour of the attendance of all Members of the Society is particularly requested.

The Distribution of Prizes to the Children of the Schools will take place after the meeting, the Honorable Mr. Justice Scott, Vice-Patron, in the chair.

W. E. SCOTT,
Honorary Secretary.
Byculla, 15th Nov. 1889.

SURAT CITY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed TENDERS will be received by the undersigned, up to 4-30 p.m. on 1st December, 1889, for the whole or any part, not being less than Rs. 500, of the 2nd Instalment of Rs. One Lakh of the TWO-LAKH RUPEE LOAN at 5½ per cent. per annum, to be raised under the sanction of Government, for widening streets in those quarters of Surat burnt out by the disastrous fire of 6th April last.

Further particulars to be obtained from the undersigned during office hours.

NANU MAIM B. SHAIKH,
Secretary, Surat Municipality.
Municipal Office, Surat, 15th November 1889.

AUSTRALIAN AGENCIES.

THE AUSTRALIAN MERCANTILE LOAN and GUARANTEE COMPANY, Limited. Incorporated under Act of Parliament, 1874.

Capital ..... £500,000.
Invested reserve ..... 42,749.

Head Offices, Sydney (N.S.W.), corner of York and Market streets.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

E. H. Buchanan, Mayor.
Capt. G. J. Finlayson.
G. H. Pooley, J.P.
F. J. Smith, M.P.
H. Malcolm, M.B. Inst.
G. S. Hadfield, Exchange.
Jas. Miller, Merchant.

BRANCHES.

Melbourne—393, Collins-street. Bruce Wallace, Manager.
Brisbane—Corner Elizabeth and Edward streets. A. S. Miller, Manager.
Newcastle—37, Hunter-street. G. Hadfield, Manager.
Adelaide—King William-street. C. W Elmes, Manager.

AGENCIES.

Western Australia—Perth and Freemantle.
New Zealand—Auckland, Wellington, Dunedin.
Northern Territory—Port Darwin.
Fiji, Suva, Samoa, Apia, New Caledonia, Noumea.

This Company is prepared to receive on consignment all descriptions of general merchandise.

Branches and agencies are established throughout the principal cities of each colony, so that every facility is offered for the disposal of merchandise to advantage.

Account sales rendered 30 days after arrival of shipments, and when necessary 50 per cent. of value will be remitted by bank draft immediately after inspection of goods.

Leading lines by steamer for immediate sale may be drawn against 33 per cent. on sight of goods, and having an extensive connexion consignors may rely on quick sales and best marketable prices.

The Company's charges are exceptionally low, owing to goods being wharfed and warehoused on the Company's own premises.

The Company undertake to act as purchasing agents for grain, wool, tallow, hides, skins, bones, horns, and all classes of minerals, and also represent firms as agents for shipping, and arrange the chartering of vessels, &c.

All communications to be addressed to the head office, Sydney, New South Wales.

Letters containing invoices and bills of lading must be registered.

By order of the Board of Directors.
RUSSELL MARSHALL, General Manager.

Note.—The following find ready sale in the Colonies in wholesale parcels:—Paper and paper bags, sperm candles, soda, crystals, salt, all kinds of groceries, drapery, hosiery, matches, bar and rod iron, boiler plates, cast-iron pipes, gas piping, boiler tubes, sheathing felt, roofing felt, boiled and raw oil in drums, white lead, pig-iron, sheet lead, cement, galvanized iron, Stockholm tar, manilla rope, foundry coke, druggist's supplies, furniture, tobacco and cigars, wire nails, stationery, printer's ink, boots and shoes, wool-packs, corn sacks, case ale, bulk ale, plaster of Paris, dried and preserved fruits, fencing wire, octagon steel, malt, slates, earthenware, buggies, ship chandlery, oil-man's stores, &c.

The Company's Monthly Prices Current forwarded regularly to clients upon application.

NOTICES.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY.
DRAFTSMAN.

REQUIRED from 1st January 1890, a Head Draftsman on Rs. 200 per mensem. Apply with copies of certificates to the Agent and Chief Engineer, S. M. Railway, Dharwar, (Engineering Branch).

Applicants must be fully qualified in drawing and estimating.

EDWARD H. HALLUM,
For Agent and Chief Engineer.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
SCRAP TIMBER FOR SALE.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, the 20th November, Tenders for the purchase of any number out of Four lots of Scrap Timber now lying in the Locomotive Works Yard at Parel, where the same may be viewed on application.

All lots purchased to be removed within one month from date of acceptance of Tender.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's Form (to be obtained from the undersigned) and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 100 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender and before delivery is made.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 13th November.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
MISCELLANEOUS STORES—COUNTRY PRODUCE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of Miscellaneous Stores, Country Produce, &c., required by the Company during 12 months commencing 1st January 1890.

Tenders, which must be on the Company's form, sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 100, will be received by the Agents at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m. (gunfire) on Wednesday, 20th November, after which hour no tender will be received.

The deposit will be held by the Company as security for the due and proper fulfilment of the engagement, failing which on the contractor's part, the Railway Company may cancel the contract and forfeit the deposit, without the necessity of proving any absolute loss by the transaction.

The Agent reserves the right to accept any one or more items without reference to others in the same Tender, and does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 6th November 1889.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
KEROSINE OIL.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of such quantities of Refined Petroleum or Kerosine Oil, as the Company may require during the year 1890, estimated at 12,000 cases.

Tenders (which must be on the Company's Form to be obtained from the undersigned), to be sealed, superscribed and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,500, will be received by the Agent at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m. gunfire, on WEDNESDAY, 20th November, after which hour no Tender will be received.

The deposit will be held by the Company as security for the due and proper fulfilment of the engagement; failing which on the Contractor's part the Railway Company may cancel the contract and forfeit the deposit without the necessity of proving any absolute loss by the transaction.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 2nd Nov. 1889.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 86 OF 1888.

KHUNDERAO JANARDHUN, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, for the present residing at Baroda, in His Highness the Gaekwar's Territory ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

NARRAYEN PURSHOTUM and HARRICHUNDRA PURSHOTUM, of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitants, residing in Houses Nos. 13 and 14 respectively, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction, before Charles Edward Fox, Esq., Commissioner of this Honorable Court, at his office in the Court House, on Wednesday, the twentieth day of November one Thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff, Khunderao Janardhun, and of the abovenamed Defendants, Narrayen Purshotum and Harrichundra Purshotum, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of Fazandary land or ground, on which some time ago a dwelling-house stood, but where at present the old materials of such house are lying, situate without the Fort of Bombay, in an part commonly called by the name of Passowady, on the south side of the passage of the cart in the Subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 280 2-9th square yards, be the same a little more or less, and which said land and premises were formerly assessed by the Collector of Municipal taxes, under No. 41, and are now lying vacant and are bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the passage of the said part called Passowady, on or towards the South by the property of the Plaintiff, on or towards the East by a gully measuring two feet in breadth, one foot whereof belongs to the premises herein described and the remaining one foot of that gully belongs to the house of Rowjee Vasudevjee and which gully is used in common by the property herein described and the house of Rowjee Vasudevjee, and on or towards the West also by a gully measuring in breadth four feet, two feet whereof belong to the premises herein described and the remaining two feet of such gully belong to the Plaintiff, and which gully is used in common by the premises herein described and the property of the Plaintiff, and which said land and premises were formerly occupied by Narrayen Purshotum and Harrichundra Purshotum, the Defendants abovenamed, and are now in the Plaintiff's possession.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Mr. Janardhun Gopal, Attorney for the Plaintiff abovenamed, No 53 Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay. Dated this 3rd day of September 1889.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 138 OF 1884.

NANABHAI GUNPUTRAO DHAIRYAVANA, and BALJEE GUNPUTRAO DHAIRYAVANA, both of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitants, residing in Khandawady, outside the Fort ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

ACHRATBAI, widow of SHA PRANJIVAN RUNCHORDAS and NARANDAS NATHOOBHAI, both of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitants, residing on Kalbadavi Road, and GUNPUTRAO PANDOORUNG, of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant, residing in Wulkeshwady, and GUJANAN GOVIND and MORESHWAR GOVIND, infant sons of the deceased GOVIND PANDOORUNG, by their guardian *ad litem*, Mr. L. A. WATKINS, of Bombay, European inhabitant, residing at Marine Lines, outside the Fort, and PURSHOTUM NARROTUM, also of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant, residing at Moombaevi, outside the Fort ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to an order made in the above suit and bearing date the Seventh Day of March, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-seven, the following immoveable properties will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, in two lots, before Charles Edward Fox, Esq., the Commissioner of this Honorable Court, at his office, in the Court-house, as follows:—Lot No. 1, on WEDNESDAY, the Eleventh Day of December, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-nine, and Lot No. 2, on WEDNESDAY, the Fifteenth Day of January, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed plaintiffs, Nanabhai Gunputrao Dhairyavana and Balji Gunputrao Dhairyavana, and of Mulchand Gopal, Harilshanker Girjashanker, Nathu Bapoo and Dayabhai Rungildas, as executors of the late Defendant, Achrutbai, now deceased, widow of Sha Pranjivan Runchordas, and of the Defendants, Narondas Nathoobhai, Gunputrao Pandoorang and Purshotum Narrotum, or any of them, in the following properties, namely:—

LOT NO. I.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate at Owalwady, otherwise known as Fofulwady, near Withalwady, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement three hundred and forty-four square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of quit and ground rent under old No. 712, new No. 3243, old survey No. 86, and new survey No. 1491, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house and well, standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, formerly under No. 8 and now under ward No. 1764 and 1765, and Street No. 28-30 and 1, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the north by the property of Kola Bhanji, on or towards the south by the property of Ludha Callianji, on or towards the east by the property formerly belonging to Sitaram Govind, and now to the said Ludha Callianji, and on or towards the west by the public passage called Fofulwady or Owalwady Lane, which said premises were formerly, and are now in the occupation of the said third defendant Gunputrao Pandoorang.

LOT NO. II.

All that piece or parcel of cultivated land, now turned into a garden in the rear of Government House at Parel, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement eight thousand and one hundred square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of quit and ground rent under old Nos. 79, 91, 93 and 99, new Nos. 1421, 14221, 14240 and 14241, new survey No. 1-2-3-2855, with the messuage, tenements, building sheds, trees, tank and well standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, formerly under No. 36, and now under ward No. 634 (1), and street No. 42, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the north by the Elphinstone Road and partly by the Government garden, on or towards the south partly by the property of Gunputrao Sudaseviji and partly by the property of Gunputrao Pandoorang, on or towards the east by the Government garden, and on or towards the west by a public passage, which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said third defendant, Gunputrao Pandoorang.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made at the office of the said Commissioner, or at the office of Messrs. Mansukhlal Damodar and Jamsetji, Attorneys for the second defendant and for the executors of the first defendant abovenamed, No. 91, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 9th day of September, 1889.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

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BEST QUALITY.

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Drab Hard Felt, Square Crown, Round, Low and Medium ...	
Brown Hard Felt, Low and Medium, all sizes	
The New Shades of Brown Hard Felt, Medium Crown	
Clerical Hats, Soft Felt throughout	
Boys' Hard Round Crown Felt Hats	Rs. 7 8

DRESS HATS.

Best Silk Plush, Extra Quality	15 8
Tall Drab Fine Beaver Felt	11 8
Best Black Opera Hats (Self-closing)	12 8

TWEED HATS AND CAPS.

Tweed Hats, a Large Choice..	5 0
Tweed Caps, Cricketing, one Peak	3 0
Tweed Caps, Double Peaks..	4 0
Tweed Caps, Double Peaks and Ear Flaps	4 0
Gent's Drab Terai Hats, Best Quality	14 8
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THE WATERPROOF WATCH.

Dipped into water heated up to 60 per cent., or into petroleum, one of the most penetrating substances, and exposed to the finest dust, the Waterproof Watch has come out uninjured from all these trials. Being water and dust proof, these Watches are particularly useful to residents in India.

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COCKLE'S PILLS,

OF PURE VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS AND FREE FROM MERCURY

A RIDE TO KHIVA,

BY CAPTAIN FRED. BURNABY, ROYAL HORSE GUARDS.

PAGE 18 says:—

"Two pairs of boots, lined with fur, were also taken; and for physic, with which it is as well to be supplied when travelling in out-of-the-way places—some Quinine and Cockle's Pills—the latter a most invaluable medicine and one which I have used on the natives of Central Africa with the greatest possible success. In fact, the marvellous effects produced upon the mind and body of an Arab Sheik, who was impervious to all native medicines, when I administered to him five

COCKLE'S PILLS,

will never fade from my memory; and a friend of mine, who passed through the same district many months afterwards, informed me that my fame as a 'medicine man' had not died out, but that the marvellous cure was even then a theme of conversation in the bazaar."

THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

An extract from the second edition (page 188) of the translation of the Pharmacopœia of the Royal College of Physicians of London, by Dr. G. F. Collier, published by Longman and Company:—

"It is no small defect in this compilation (speaking of the new Pharmacopœia) that we have no purgative mass but what contains aloes, yet we know that hœmorrhoidal persons cannot bear aloes, except in the form of

COCKLE'S PILLS,

which chiefly consist of aloes, scammony, and colocynth, which, I think, are formed into a sort of compound extract, the acridity of which is obviated, I suspect, by an alkaline process, and by a fourth ingredient (unknown to me) of an aromatic tonic nature. I think no better and no worse of it for its being a patent medicine. I look at it as an article of commerce and domestic convenience, and do not hesitate to say it is the best made Pill in the Kingdom; a muscular purge, a mucous purge, and a hydrogogue purge combined, and their effects properly controlled by a dirigent and corrigent. That it does not commonly produce hœmorrhoids, like most aloetic pills, I attribute to its being thoroughly soluble, so that no undissolved particles adhere to the mucous membrane."

4, Great Ormond-street, W. C.

COCKLE'S

ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients, with the pure extract of the flowers of the Camomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangement of the digestive organs and for torpid action of the liver and bowels, which produce indigestion and several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. They speedily remove irritation and the feverish state of the stomach—allay spasms—correct the morbid condition of the liver and organs subservient to digestion—promote a due and healthy secretion of bile, and relieve the constitution of all gouty matter and other impurities, which, by circulating in the blood, must injuriously effect the action of the kidneys—thus by removing the causes productive of so much discomfort, they restore the energies both of body and mind. To those who indulge in the luxuries of the table, these Pills will prove highly useful, occasioning no pain in their action, unless they meet with an unusual quantity of acrid bile and acid matter in the stomach and bowels. To Europeans on their arrival in India or China they are recommended as a preservative against the fatal disorders peculiar to tropical climates. Their occasional use, if combined with the strictest attention to diet, will be frequently found to remove at once by their influence over the secretions that congestive and unhealthy condition of the liver which is so often the earliest antecedent of severe febrile and constitutional disturbance. It must be understood that these Pills are not recommended as containing any new or dangerously active ingredients; on the contrary, they are characterised by a remarkable simplicity of combination; and whatever merit they may be found to possess depends as much upon the selection of pure drugs and the unusual labour and attention bestowed upon their subsequent preparation, as upon the acknowledged peculiarity of their composition. They are not recommended as a panacea, nor are they adapted to all complaints; but as a mild and efficacious aperient and tonic in the various forms of indigestion, it will not, perhaps, be an exaggeration to state that they have been resorted to under all systems of diet, changes of climate, or atmospheric alterations, with an extraordinary degree of success for 86 years. This celebrated family aperient may be had throughout the United Kingdom in boxes 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s., as well as in India, China, New Zealand, and the Australian colonies.

References for the above and for the Quinine BITTERS can be made to NARSEELAL DAMODERDAS MAPARA, No. 7, 3rd Bhoiwada, the PROPRIETORS of the QUININE BITTERS Co., Ld., Llanelly, South Wales.

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PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying fifty-nine Military Messes and fourteen Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

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P. J. VALCKENBERG, Worms-am-Rhein.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
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Duc de Montebello Champagne ...qts. Rs. 40 per dozen.
Do. Do. pints Rs. 42 per case of 2 doz.
Bruder Kleinoscheg Graz.
Dry Burgundy Red Champagne, quarts Rs. 30 per dozen.
Madeira Messrs. Cossart, Gordon & Co.
Choice Reserve...quarts Rs. 30 per dozen.
Old Particular ... " Rs. 25 do.
Selected ... " Rs. 20 do.

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RESERVE FUND	$4,400,000
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Agents and Secretaries,
Bombay Branch
1st May 1889.

INDIAN IMPERIAL MARINE INSUR

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Fifth Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.
Bombay Veterinary Association Meeting, 2 p.m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.
Women's Technical Education Society Meeting, Cathedral High School, 4-30 p.m.
Switchback Railway.
Skating Rink.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—R. Rubattino (s), from Genoa; Kashgar (s), Yokohama; Kaveri (s), Mangalore; Karagola (s), Karachi; St. Marnock (s), North Shields; and Brig Flor de Dio, Inhambane.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Rockliff entered and the s. s. Soulptor and the s. s. Knight of St. George left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Ganges and the s. s. Rafaelle Rubattino entered the dock yesterday.

MAHIM FAIR.—The annual fair will be held at Mahim to-day and will continue till Tuesday next.

POSTAL NOTICE.—The next China and Australian mails per s. s. Ganges will be closed at the General Post Office on Friday, the 22nd instant, at 6 a.m.

BOMBAY VETERINARY ASSOCIATION.—A general meeting will be held to-day at the Veterinary College at 2 p. m. Mr. Manekji Kavasji Patel will read a paper on "Cruelty to Animals."

THE PORTUGUESE DEFAMATION CASE.—The case in which Mr. P. V. De Souza charges Messrs. F. Saldhana and E. Tuscano with having defamed him in a pamphlet entitled "Parthian Shots" came on for hearing before Mr. Cooper yesterday. Some further evidence was recorded, and the case was again postponed.

AN UNLUCKY PRESENT.—Krishna Luximon was found by the police with three gunny-bags in his possession. The reason that the police enquired into the matter was that Krishna is an "old offender." Krishna said the bags had been given to him,but could not give the name of the generous donor. Unfortunately the real owner of the bags had given information to the police of the loss, and so Krishna was placed before Mr. Cooper yesterday by Inspector Stanford, and the Magistrate sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

SUICIDE.—An enquiry was held at the morgue yesterday by the Coroner, respecting the death of Pandoo Sudoo, aged 50 years. For the past two months he had been suffering and had to remain in the J. J. Hospital, returning home on Sunday. On Monday morning, he told one Baia, with whom he was staying, that he was going to see his brother. In the afternoon a cartdriver saw the deceased in the Gowalia Tank, and before assistance could be rendered he sank. The body was recovered an hour after. The jury returned a verdict of *felo de se*.

COUNTERFEITING A PICE FOR AN EIGHT-ANNA PIECE.—Inspector Guider charged Anthon John Fernandes, a cook, before Mr. P. Ryan at the Girgaum Police Court,with attempting to purchase a quantity of fish and sweatmeats by giving a pice, which he stated was an eight-anna bit. The sweatment man and the fish-vendor perceived that it was only a pice tinned over and handed the cheat over to the police. On being placed before Mr. Ryan yesterday, the accused pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to two days' imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 5 or in default to undergo one week's rigorous imprisonment.

DEATH FROM SWALLOWING SULPHURIC ACID.—The Coroner, Dr. Thomas Blaney, held an inquest at the J. J. Hospital yesterday touching the death of Doonger Dalichund, son of a dyer, aged four years. His father was in the habit of keeping a quantity of sulphuric acid for dyeing cloth. About 7 a.m. yesterday, he carelessly left the bottle, with about an ounce of the poisonous acid near a stand pipe. In his absence the child took up the bottle and drank the contents. Not long after the father heard his child screaming, and perceiving what had happened conveyed the boy to the J. J. Hospital where he died in about fifteen minutes. The jury returned a verdict that death was caused by sulphuric acid, which the deceased drank from a bottle, unaware of its dangerous nature.

TESTING A HORSE.—C. Bowman, a European, was yesterday charged by Inspector Briscoe, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, with endangering human life. The evidence went to show that the accused, while passing through Hummun Street on Monday morning, tried to feed a horse with some grass he had in his hand. The horse refused the offer, when Bowman tickled it under the stomach with the grass and otherwise annoyed it causing it to bolt. The coachman was knocked off the box and the shafts of the carriage smashed. Bowman admitted that he had molested the horse, but not with any intention of causing harm to the animal or damage to the carriage. The Magistrate fined the accused Rs. 30, in default of payment three weeks' imprisonment, ordering that the money, if paid, should be made over to the owner of the carriage.

SMUGGLING OPIUM.—Mr. Rustum Pestonji, chief inspector,Opium Department, yesterday placed Oomedial Javer, a Hindu inhabitant of Amedabad, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of smuggling 16 lbs. of opium, valued at Rs. 200, in contravention of sec. 9 of the Opium Act. It appears that the inspector in consequence of certain information and in company of his subordinates kept a look-out on the G. I. P. line from Kallian to the Victoria Terminus. About half-past 11 o'clock yesterday morning the accused was seen, alight at the Victoria Terminus from the Nagpore train, when he was stopped by a Customs peon. His baggage was searched by the inspector and the above quantity of opium was found concealed in a bag. The accused pleaded guilty and was fined Rs. 500, or in default three months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE MATRIMONIAL DISPUTE.

THE charge of Carl Rudolph Richard Braemer against Ch. H. Tritsch was proceeded with yesterday before Mr. P. Ryan at the Girgaum Police Court. Messrs. Roughton and Byrne appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Hemming for the accused. Mr. Smetham, of Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, watching the proceedings on behalf of Mrs. Braemer.

Mr. Arthur Hermon Levy, cross-examined by Mr. Byrne, said: I was present on the night of the 22nd of October last. Being at Byculla in the compound near Mr. Hamilton's House I heard a piano playing and some singing. His evidence was similar to that of other witnesses, and on cross-examination by Mr. Hemming doubt was thrown upon it.

After other evidence of a doubtful character, the respective advocates then addressed the Court and commented upon the evidence adduced.

His Worship in disposing of the case was of opinion that the prosecutor had not produced sufficient evidence to make out a *prima facie* case against the accused and his Worship did not therefore feel justified in forming a charge against him.

The accused was thereupon discharged.

THE RICE CROP IN BURMA.

THE report on the prospects of the crop on the 31st October is as follows:—"The area under rice cultivation in the ten chief rice-producing districts is now estimated at 3,798,323 acres or 167,243 acres more than the area actually under cultivation in 1888. There is a net increase of 30,412 acres over the area given in last month's report, which is for the most part, especially in Tharrawaddy and Prome, due to fields having been planted out very late, in which cases the yield will be but light. Seasonable rain fell throughout October and the crop promises to be a good one."

THE following is from the *Civil and Military Gazette*:—"Mr. A. O. Hume's proposal that the National Congress might be held once in five years, and that too many subjects should not be taken up for discussion in one session, has, we understand, few supporters among the so-called delegates. Some of these go the length of giving expression to a suspicion that it is to please the high officials whom Mr. Hume had been lately entertaining at balls in his house at Simla, that he has made such a suggestion. A Bengali correspondent writes, however, that 'as the leading native promoters of the Congress obey Mr. Hume's commands as a servant would his master's, he may well hope to succeed in carrying out any proposal he chooses to put forward.' There are some audible murmurs, nevertheless, in the Congress camp."

ALL those who appreciate Lily-white teeth purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flowers, should use Kemp & Co.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash. Per bottle, Re. 1-4 and Rs. 3-4

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 16.

Haig, Major-Genl, Bo, RE, from furlough, from England.
Griffiths, Surgn-Major, Bengal, 17th B C, from furlough, from England.
Jacob, Col, Bo Staff, on duty, from Poona.
Bax, Col, Bengal Staff, from leave, from England.
Auchinleck, Lt-Col, Ms, R A, on leave, from Fort St George, Madras.

NOVEMBER 19.

Anderson, 2nd Lieut, Ms, 2 Leic Regt, on completion of duty, from Jubbulpore.
Cambier, Lt-Col, Bengal RA, on duty, from Dalhousie
McCrea, Captain, Bengal RA, on duty, from Jullandur.
Stafford, Lieut, Bengal, 2nd Derby Regt, on furlough, from Jubbulpore.
Chamberlain, Capt, Bo R A, from Kurrachee.
Walters, Lieut, Bo, 22nd Bo I, medical certificate from Quetta.
Baugh, Captain, Ms, 21st Regt M I, from sick leave.
Phillips, Capt, Bo Staff, to join at Aden, from Deesa.
Willcocks, Surgn-Major, Bl, I M S, from furlough, from England.
French, Capt, Bengal, from sick leave.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 17.

Yates, Lt-Col, Bo, general duty, on leave, to Poona.

NOVEMBER 18.

Glenino, Capt, Bengal, R E, returned from leave, to Lucknow. NOVEMBER 19.
Hood, Major, Central Provinces, Paymaster D Regt, on duty, to Jubulpore.
Wodehouse, Lieut, Bo, 20th Pioneers, returned from leave, to Kirkee.
Jacob, Col, Bo, on duty, to Surat.
Geoghegan, Lt, Ms, 1st Bn. Royal rIish, to join 14th M I, to Bellary.
Adye, Capt, Bengal, 1st Cavalry Hyder Cont, on duty, to Hingoli.

NOVEMBER 20.

Bax, Col, Bengal, Dist Staff, to join, to Peshawar.
French, Capt, Bengal on duty, to Peshawar.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding, Bo Vol R Corps.
Bombay, 20th November, 1889.

1. There will be Company drill for "D" Company under the Captain and officers at 5-30 this evening behind the Town Hall.

2. The annual meeting of the General Committee of the Western India Volunteer Athletic Association will be held on Thursday, the 21st instant, at 5-30 p.m. at Head-quarters.

3 The folowing members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to Companies as follows:—No. 2824 Vol. G. Bunyan "A" Company; and No. 2825 Vol. P. D'Souza, "E" Company.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

4. All recruits are requested to attend at the Riding School this morning and Thursday at 7 a.m. Plain clothes may be worn.

5. Mr. T. Sharples having joined is posted to "B" Troop.

6. Trooper E. Meiffre having resigned is struck off the strength from this date. By order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commandant,
Bombay Vol. Artillery.
Bombay, November 20th, 1889.

1. The following drills will take place this week:—Wednesday, 20th, 7 a.m.—Gun-drill in the Arsenal compound.

2. The proficiency class will meet at Head-quarters on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, this week, at 6-30 p.m.

3. The signalling class will meet this week on Thursday and Friday mornings at 7, on the Esplanade, in front of the University Clock Tower.

4. On Saturday, the 23rd instant, the Battery will parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p.m., and proceed to the Middle Ground Fort for drill at the 9" and 12·5" R. M. L. Guns. Dress, Uniform and helmets without ball, badge, or chin-chain.

By Order.
J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut.
Acting Adjutant, Bo. V. A.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, Nov. 16.)

Mr J Westland, CSI, is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, with effect from the 30th October, 1889.

The services of Colonel Miller are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 2nd November, 1888.

JUDICIAL.

The Hon'ble Dr Gooroo Dass Banerjee, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained furlough on medical certificate for one month, from the 16th November to the 15th December, 1889, both days inclusive.

The Revd. T. E. F. Cole, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal(Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, reported his arrival at Calcutta on the forenoon of the 4th November, 1889.

Mr. Cole's services are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the date of his arrival.

The services of Mr. J. T. Rivett-Carnac, District Superintendent of Police, Bengal, on leave, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

The services of Mr I H W D Clark, District Superintendent of Police, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel J Burne, Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant of the Malwa Bhil Corps, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Political Agent in Bhopawar, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 13th October, 1889, and during the absence, on privilege leave, of Lieutenant J Ramsay, or until further orders.

In supersession of Foreign Department Notification, No. 1102-G, dated the 24th June 1889, Mr H Harrison, Commandant of his Highness the Gaekwar's Local Battalion at Dhari, is appointed to be Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent at Baroda, in charge of Okhamandal, and Commandant of a Waghir Corps, substantive pro tempore, with effect from the 19th May, 1889, and during such time as Colonel W A Salmon may officiate as Political Agent in the Mahi Kantha, or until further orders.

Captain C W Ravenshaw, Bengal Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 3rd Class,is, on return from furlough, posted as Political Agent at Basra, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr D R Cameron, Acting Consular Agent, as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Akyab.

Surgeon G J H Bell, MB, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Officiating Medical Officer of the Deoli Irregular Force, and of the Harowtee and Tonk Political Agency, is appointed to officiate as Civil Surgeon of Bibanir, with effect from the date of assuming charge, vice Assistant Surgeon Sahib Ditta, and until further orders.

Captain C J B H Dressner, Bengal Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, and Boundary Settlement Officer in Bundelkhand, is appointed to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class, in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Mr Noy Elias, CIE, Political Agent of the 2nd (officiating 1st) Class, is appointed to be an additional Political Agent of the 1st Class, with effect from the 20th October 1889, and while employed as British Commissioner with the Anglo-Siamese Boundary Commission.

The services of Surgeon A T Bown, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Medical Officer of the 37th Bengal Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties as officiating Medical Officer of the Bhopal Battalion, and of the Rhopal Political Agency, by Surgeon-Major A H C Dane, MD.

Sir H M Durand, K C I E, C S I, Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is granted furlough for one year, under Article 340 of the Civil Service Regulations, and with effect from the 22nd November, 1889.

The furlough granted to Sir H M Durand, in Foreign Department Notification, No. 73 C G, dated the 26th November, 1887, is converted into special leave under articles 264 and 348 of the Civil Service Regulations.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—

Captain and Brevet Major A F Cotton, Bengal S C, 2nd Battalion 4th Gurkha Regiment, for one year.

Lieutenant W Thuillier, Bengal S C, 21st (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry, for one year.

Lieutenant W Thuillier, Bengal S C, 21st (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry, for one year.

Lieutenant C S Williams, Bengal (Light) Infantry, for one year.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Deputy Surgeon General S A Lithgow, CB, DSO, Medical Staff, is brought on the Administrative Medical Staff of the Army, vice Deputy Surgeon General J Landale, whose tour of service in India has expired.

Captain W J B Bird, Bengal S C, Military Accounts Department, to officiate as an Assistant Secretary, with effect from the 1st November, 1889, during the absence of Major E G Barrow, Bengal S C, with the Anglo-Siamese Mission, or until further orders.

Captain C Wood, RA, to officiate as an Ordnance Officer, 4th class, with effect from the 6th November, 1889, to fill an existing vacancy.

First Class Veterinary Surgeon F Walker, to be Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon, Lower Circle, Bengal, vice Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon W A Russell, appointed Principal Veterinary Surgeon in India.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:—

Captain D W Hickman, Bengal S C. (m c), for three months.

Captain E E Taylor, Bengal S C. (m c), for 202 days.

Lieutenant D C F Macintyre, Bengal S C. (p a), for six months.

Lieutenant F H Hancock, Bengal SC (pa), for six months.

Surgeon-Major E R Johnson (m c), for three months.

Surgeon-Major W N Keefer (m c), for 28 days.

Surgeon H M Brabazon, M D. (p a), for 183 days.

The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Captains to be Majors—10th November 1889.
John Charles Fredrick Gordon.
Frederick Charles Napier Golden.

To be Captains.

Lieut. Alfred Bassett Pritchard
Lieut. George Cortlandt Childe Shakespear.

Sub-Conductor George Curtis, Adjutant General's Office, to be Conductor.

Sergeant Henry John Marcoolyn, Quarter Master General's Office, to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 27th August, 1882, vice Conductor John Sheehan, transferred to the pension establishment.

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the separation of the Calcutta Naval Artillery Volunteers from the Volunteer land forces of India, and the conversion of the Battery into a Naval Corps, to be designated the Calcutta Naval Volunteers. The Corps will be under the orders of the General Officer Commanding the Presidency District, and will be dealt with as a Volunteer Corps of the force under his command.

Captain J W Thruston, West Yorkshire Regiment, to be Adjutant, with effect from the 29th September, 1889, vice Captain W J Newell, resigned.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The services of Mr. H. H. Roden, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, are on his return from furlough, placed at the disposal of the Agent to the Governor-General for Baluchistan.

Mr. C. C. B. Knapp,Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, Burma, is, on return from furlough, posted to Baluchistan.

2. The 2nd column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometor during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade, or in a small shed with open sides, and a thached or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m. The 6th column under the head "Temperature" gives the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature, and is approximately the mean temperature of the day. The 7th column gives the difference (with the proper sign) between the mean temperature of to-day and yesterday.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rate of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

5. The amount of cloud is expressed in terms of the number 0 to 10, 0 denoting a cloudless and 10 an overcast sky.

6. The last column under the head "Rainfall" gives the difference with its proper sign between the actual rainfall from 16th May to date and the average rainfall for the same period.

STATIONS.	Barometric Pressure. 8 a.m.	Barometric Pressure. Change in past 24 hours.	Barometric Pressure. Variation from mean of day.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Rate per hour.	Temperature in Shade. 8 a.m.	Temperature in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in Shade. Variation from mean of day.	Humidity, 8 a.m.	Cloud.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Since 1st Nov. to date.	Rainfall. Variation, 1st Nov. to date.
Delhi ...	30·055	—·064	—·023	W	1	58·2	83·6	54·6	+0·5	37	...	...	...	—0·04
Agra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Allahabad ...	29·997	—·067	—·074	Calm	1	64·0	81·5	55·6	+1·8	84	...	...	...	—0·03a
Jhansi ...	30·026	—·052	—·035	N W	2	63·6	84·9	55·9	+0·6	39	...	...	...	—0·05
Jacobabad ...	30·022	—·044	—·058	Calm	1	53·7	86·5	43·6	—5·0	62	...	...	...	...
Karachi ...	30·025	—·022	—·054	N N E	5	58·0	85·6	52·0	—3·6	79	...	...	...	...
Ajmere ...	30·111	—·045	—·043	Calm	1	48·7	82·7	43·3	—5·1	71	...	...	...	—0·07
Deesa ...	30·022	—·019	—·054	E N E	9	61·2	91·3	53·9	—1·5	38	...	...	...	—0·08
Rajkot ...	29·983	—·040	—·071	E N E	7	65·9	87·9	51·0	—5·5	38	...	...	...	—0·35
Neemuch ...	30·075	—·006	—·027	Calm	1	65·1	81·8	49·4	—3·7	42	...	...	...	—0·10
Indore ...	30·029	—·055	—·058	E N E	3	62·3	79·1	46·7	—5·9	51	...	...	...	—0·17
Sangor ...	30·048	—·037	—·058	E S E	6	60·2	78·3	51·9	—3·2	69	...	...	...	—0·26
Jubbulpore ...	30·003	—·066	—·096	N E	4	64·4	77·4	54·4	+3·4	75	...	...	...	—0·25
Hoshangabad ...	30·007	—·077	—·101	N E	5	59·9	81·8	53·7	—1·5	66	...	...	...	—0·15
Khandva ...	30·030	—·030	—·045	Calm	4	59·8	82·2	50·0	—3·7	57	...	...	...	—0·25
Raipur ...	29·871	—·114	—·156	N N E	12	72·6	74·5	65·7	+7·4	47	5	...	...	—0·48c
Nagpur ...	29·921	—·072	—·127	N	7	69·2	81·7	61·3	+3·5	65	1	...	...	—0·50
Amraoti ...	29·972	—·047	—·087	E N E	7	66·3	83·6	57·8	—0·8	62	1	...	...	—0·39d
Akola ...	29·976	—·047	—·094	Calm	4	62·4	85·5	50·6	—3·9	61	...	...	...	—0·53
Surat ...	30·041	+·022	+·016	N E	L	67·4	91·5	54·1	—6·5	61	1	...	...	—0·18d
Malegaon ...	29·997	—·048	—·089	Calm	4	65·9	84·4	50·0	—4·2	33	...	...	...	—0·55
Bombay ...	29·924	—·036	—·081	N E	13	72·3	88·0	63·8	—5·2	63	...	...	...	—0·53
Poona ...	29·999	—·021	—·075	Calm	6	62·6	84·9	50·4	—6·6	49	...	...	...	—0·92
Sholapur ...	29·943	...	—·084	E N E	10	69·7	87·7	53·1	—7·3	49	1	...	...	—0·79d
Satnagiri ...	29·892	—·004	—·073	E N E	10	77·8	92·4	67·9	...	39	...	...	...	—0·44
Belgaum ...	29·926	+·016	—·090	N N E	3	65·0	82·7	56·5	—2·7	42	...	...	...	—1·79
Goa ...	29·888	+·003	...	N E	5	75·0	83·0	75·0	...	95	...	...	...	...
Karwar ...	29·876	+·004	—·094	N E	3	67·1	80·8	64·9	—2·5	83	...	...	...	+2·61
Mangalore ...	29·860	—·024	—·105	N	3	79·5	87·8	73·9	+2·2	78	...	0·02	3·02e	
Calicut ...	29·851	—·025	—·103	N N W	7	80·7	86·3	76·0	...	79	7	...	1·70	—3·06f
Cochin ...	29·878	—·014	—·077	Calm	L	79·9	86·3	74·6	+0·6	85	...	0·04	6·50	—0·72g
Bangalore ...	29·899	—·016	—·131	N W	7	65·6	78·4	62·9	+2·9	83	1	...	0·15	—2·83d
Secunderabad ...	29·890	—·026	—·164	N	9	63·5	82·7	60·9	+0·4	73	5	...	0·03	—1·49
Masulipatam ...	29·735	—·045	—·250	N N W	5	75·2	80·6	72·0	+2·2	85	8	0·10	2·28	—3·24h
Bellary ...	29·922	+·007	—·091	N W	7	70·5	88·5	65·4	+0·6	56	1	...	0·21	—1·41
Cuddapah ...	29·860	+·001	...	S W	...	73·8	80·1	68·6	...	72	4	0·27	2·03	—1·36d
Madras ...	29·794	+·010	—·202	N W	10	77·8	88·3	74·2	+3·0	92	5	...	4·71	—6·99d
Coimbatore ...	29·851	—·074	—·138	S W	2	74·0	83·8	71·3	+2·8	88	3	0·03	1·24	—1·85d
Trichinopoly ...	29·831	—·015	—·138	W N W	5	78·7	89·1	74·8	+4·4	82	5	0·05	1·71	—1·84d
Negapatam ...	29·817	+·001	—·135	W N W	5	80·3	87·6	75·3	+2·4	82	3	...	4·46	—7·78d
Colombo ...	29·876	+·002	—·081	W	12	82·0	84·0	76·0	...	77	10	0·12	10·28	+0·51e

In column "Wind Rate per hour," L=Light, M=Moderate, F=Fresh, S=Strong, H=Heavy.
a Foggy. *b* Gale of wind. *c* Dark gloomy weather. *d* Fine weather with passing clouds. *e* Sea rising. *f* Sea slight. *g* Sultry. *h* Clouds low, moving rapidly with scuds.

SUMMARY.—The pressure changes during the past 24 hours have been very irregular and small in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies, in Mysore and on the Malabar Coast; but in all the remaining districts the barometer has fallen. The barometric depression, the centre of which was yesterday very near to the south-eastward of Masulipatam, seems to have moved a little northward with increased intensity, and now appears to be approaching Masulipatam. The winds around the depression are moving cyclonically and, as the gradients are very steep, the winds are increasing in force in its neighbourhood. Pressure is above the normal at Surat, but everywhere else it is below, the deficiency being very considerable on the Coromandel Coast. Calm is reported from Allahabad, Jacobabad, Ajmere, Neemuch, Khandwa, Akola, Malegaon, Poona, and Cochin. The winds are south-westerly to northerly in the Madras Presidency, in Mysore, on the Malabar Coast, and also locally at Nagpur, Jhansi and Delhi, while in all other districts they are generally north-easterly. The wind velocities of the past 24 hours exceeded the average at Madras, Secunderabad,Bellary, Raipur, Ratnagiri, Sholapur, Bombay, Amraoti, Nagpur, Saugor, and Deesa, and were nearly average at many stations in other districts, except in Northern India, where they were very light. The anemometric observations taken at 8 a.m. this morning show that winds are increasing in force at Colombo, Negapatam, Bellary, Masulipatam, Secunderabad, Raipur, Bangalore, Calicut, Karwar, Ratnagiri, Sholapur, Bombay, Nagpur, and Amraoti. The maximum temperature is higher than usual in the Bombay Presidency, Mysore, Sind, Rajputana, Punjab, the North-West Provinces, and also locally at Bellary, Trichinopoly, and Negapatam, but at other stations it is moderately below the average. The highest maximum readings,exceeding 90° were recorded at Deesa, Surat, and Ratnagiri. The night temperature is higher than usual in the MadrasPresidency, Mysore, on the Malabar Coast, and a few stations, such as Nagpur, Jubulpore, Allahabad, and Delhi. In other districts it is more or less cooler than usual. The mean temperature of the day has generally increased in the Madras Presidency, Ceylon, Mysore, and on the Malabar Coast, but the changes elsewhere are small and irregular. Skies are cloudy to overcast in Ceylon, the Madras Presidency, Mysore, and also at Calicut, Surat, Amraoti and Nagpur, and humidity appears to be rising moderately at several stations. The rainfall has been very light at a few stations, such as Colombo, Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, Caddapah, Masulipatam, and Cochin; while at other stations there has been no rain. Fine clear weather prevails in Northern India, but the gradients between Bombay and Surat, and also in the neighbourhood of Ratnagiri, are very steep, and winds are very likely to become moderately strong in the nieghbourhood of those stations. The weather on the west coast to the southwards of Ratnagiri is still unsettled, and the storm centre, which to-day appears in the immediate neighbourhood of Masulipatam, has a great tendency to move northwards.

E. DOWSON,
For Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

GENERAL ORDERS BY H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjutant-General's Office, Simla, 6th Nov.

THE Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments:

Hill Depots, Dalhousie.—Major A J Dunnage, Royal Artillery, to be Commandant, vice Major E F Cambier, Royal Artillery, whose tenure of the appointment expires.

Station Staff, Jullundur.—Major A G Watson, 1st Battalion East Lancashire Regiment, to be Station Staff Officer, 1st Class, vice Major G O Stoney, who rejoins the 1st Battalion King's Own Scottish Borderers, prior to its embarkation for Burmah.

Landour Depot.—Captain J E Benbow, 1st Dragoon Guards, to be Station Staff Officer, vice Lieutenant P F Dwyer, who rejoins the 8th Hussars prior to its embarkation for England.

20th Punjab Infantry.—2nd Lieutenant C E Bliss, West Yorkshire Regiment, a candidate for the Bengal Staff Corps, to be officiating Wing Officer on probation.

3rd Sikh Infantry.—Lieutenant E W Codrington, Wing Officer and Quarter-Master, to be Adjutant.

Lieutenant T Quin, Wing Officer and Adjutant, to be Quarter-Master.

Colonel R H O'Grady Haly, DSO, Suffolk Regiment, is appointed to the temporary command of the Bundelkhand District, vice Brigadier General R M Rogers, CB, VC, vacated.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Captain W S Carey, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, is directed to proceed to England to join the 1st Battalion of his regiment into which he has recently been promoted.

2nd Lieutenant W E G Lillingston, 1st Battalion West Riding Regiment, is attached to the 1st Battalion East Kent Regiment, pending appointment to the Bengal Staff Corps.

The undermentioned have been declared by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, to have passed the standards specified against their names. High Proficiency in Persian. Lieutenant D.C. Phillott ... Bengal Staff Corps. Higher Standard in Hindustani. Store-Sergeant H. R. Arthur...Ordnance Department.

Military Works Department.—On return from England, Major S C Turner, Royal Engineers, is posted to the Meerut Command, Military Works.

On the expiry of his language leave on the 15th November 1889, Lieutenant E H deV Atkinson, Royal Engineers, is transferred from the Presidency and Oudh Command to the Meerut Command, Military Works.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, the undermentioned officers are directed to proceed to England, for employment with the Army Service Corps:—Lieutenant A J Long, 1st Battalion Leinster Regiment; 2nd Lieut. E E D Thornton, 2nd Battalion Royal Munster Fusiliers.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to England:

1st Battalion East Lancashire Regiment.—Lieutenant E A Daubeny, for twelve months, on private affairs.

1st Battalion Border Regiment.—2nd Lieutenant C L Hervey, for twelve months, on medical certificate.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to Egypt and England:

Royal Artillery.—Captain E H Armitage, No. 9 Mountain Battery, for two months (from 31st October to 31st December 1889), on private affairs.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence.

2nd Battalion West Yorkshire Regiment—Lieutenant G G Lang, to Jhansi, for forty-six days, on private affairs.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments.

34th Pioneers.—Lieutenant G L Holland, Wing Officer and Quarter-Master to be Adjutant vice Hogge, vacated on promotion to Captain.

Lieutenant G E L Gillbert, Wing Officer to be Quarter-Master, vice Holland.

15th Sikhs.—Surgeon W H W Elliot, to the officiating medical charge of the regiment, vice Surgeon Drury.

37th Dogras.—Surgeon H F Whitchurch to the officiating medical charge on the regiment, vice Surgeon Bown.

1st Battalion 2nd Goorkhas.—Surgeon H W G Macleod, to the officiating medical charge of the Battalion, vice Surgeon-Major Macdonald.

The undermentioned officers are qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieutenant.

2nd Lieutenant L J Chapman, Royal Artillery; 2nd Lieutenant A A R Froom, Royal Artillery.

The following officers are detailed for Railway Transport duties during the movement season 1889-90, with effect from the dates stated against their names:

Lieutenant W H Vicars, 2nd Battalion Scottish Rifles, Transport Officer at Allahabad, 25th September 1889.

Lieutenant H A Iggulden, 2nd Battalion Derbyshire Regiment, Transport Officer at Jubbulpore.

Lieutenant E Witham, 7th Dragoon Guards, Transport Officer at Delhi.

Captain A Eardley-Wilmot, No 28 Battery Southern Division, is directed to proceed from Rurki to Colaba, and assume the duties of Officiating Adjutant, Royal Artillery, Bombay District.

Captain R F McCrea, 65th Field Battery, is directed to proceed from Jullundur to Aden, and assume the duties of Adjutant, Royal Artillery, Aden District.

The undermentioned have been declared by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, to have passed the higher standard examination in Persian.

Lieutenant A H Russell, 1st Battalion Border Regiment; Lieutenant C J Markham, 4th Battalion King's Royal Rifle Corps; Lieutenant E St A Wake, Bengal Staff Corps; Lieutenant A G Medley, Bengal Staff Corps; Captain and Paymaster R Johnstone, 2nd Battalion Highland Light Infantry.

The leave to England on private affairs granted to Lieutenant D M Babington Royal Artillery is extended for 2 months.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to England:

Royal Artillery.—Lieutenant-Colonel L W Taylor, for twelve months, on medical certificate.

ADJUTANT GENERALS OFFICE—Simla Nov 12.

The undermentioned officer is qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieutenant:—2nd Lieutenant W Beadon, King's Own Scottish Borderers.

Major E F Cambier, Royal Artillery, is directed to proceed from Dalhousie to England on promotion to half-pay Lieutenant-Colonel.

The undermentioned have been declared by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, to have passed the Higher Standard in Hindustani.

7th October 1889.—Lieut-Colonel E Wardroper, 2nd Battalion Royal Sussex Regiment; Major L E B Booth, 1st Battalion West Riding Regiment; Captain H Mullaly, Royal Engineers; Captain J T Johnston Royal Artillery; Captain C J Anstruther, 17th Lancers; Captain C J Randolph, 2nd Battalion Wiltshire Regiment; Lieut J L Parker, Royal Artillery; Lieut V A Ormsby, 1st Battalion East Surrey Regiment; Lieut R E Vaughan, Norfolk Regiment, Probationer Bengal Staff Corps; Lieut P C Palin, Cheshire Regiment, Probationer Bengal Staff Corps.

Hon'ble A F Napier, Border Regiment, Probationer Bengal Staff Corps; A Wallace-Dunlop, Essex Regiment, Probationer Bengal Staff Corps; F Rennick, North Lancashire Regiment, Probationer Bengal Staff Corps; H L Rich

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Peroshaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

"CEYLON TEA" as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and Poona Club. Sample tins, containing 4lbs, obtainable at the Offices of PHIPSON & Co.

TEA! TEA!! from Indian Tea Supply Co., in ½, 1, 2, and 5lbs. Tins. Quality guaranteed pure. MORTON, MAJU and Co, Sole Agents, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BEFORE PURCHASING Your Xmas Toys and Xmas Tree presents give one look at our this Season's Novelties from Paris and America, at cheapest prices. SHROFF BROTHERS.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND LIFE ASSURANCE INSTITUTION—Economical management, facilitating most moderate rates of premia, together with complete security. Agents—C. H. B. FORBES and Co., 3, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

CONTRACTOR WANTED, to rebuild godown, and put a house in thorough repair. For information apply to BERTIE-SMITH & Co., 29, Elphinstone Circle.

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EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT and BOOK-KEEPER wants employment. Daily, Monthly or Contract work undertaken. Apply to C. H., care of this paper.

NEW YEARS' CARDS! Those who have bought our cards are quite satisfied with our prices and quality, cards from one pice each.—WRIGHT and Co., Mint Road, Fort.

A LADY PROCEEDING HOME desires to recommend her Nurse, who is LEAVING her. Apply "E." care of WILLIAM, WATSON & Co, Army Agents and Bankers, 28, Apollo Street, Bombay.

FRESH GROUND MOKHA COFFEE, at Re. 1-4 per lb. Guaranteed pure and unadulterated, and being roasted and ground in the latest pattern closed cylinders the fine aroma is preserved.—DANTRA and Co, 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

TOYS and NOVELTIES.—A large and varied stock. Xmas orders are now being registered.—JONES and Co, above Geyer and Co's. Machine Depot, Hornby Row, Bombay.

PORTABLE or SEMI-FIXED ENGINES, 8 to 16 H.P., Horizontal and Vertical Engines 3 to 30 H.P., in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Sole Agent, Ransome, Sims and Jeffries, Marine Street, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED a LARGE SUPPLY of ONE-DAY BEE ALARM TIMEPIECES, Rs. 8. Goes in any position. Warranted for 2 years. STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort.

SANITARY WOOL UNDERCLOTHING special light Texture, suitable for India wear, English Manufacture, Guaranteed Pure, Undyed Natural Wool.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

TO LET, an airy BUNGALOW at Bandora Hill, next but one to Protestant Church. Apply DINSHA MANEKJI DAVER, 113, Hornby Road.

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PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

ROSES and other choice FLOWERS of the season, carefully packed and forwarded by rail. THOMAS BROMLEY, Valentine Lodge, Sangum, Poona

GLUTEN and JAMBOOL BISCUITS, the new CURE for DIABETES, Rs. 2 per lb.—PEARSE, 7, Church Gate Street.

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GRIFFIN'S SPARKLING ALE, as supplied to the B. I. S. N. Co. and other Companies. In splendid condition, just landed. Rs. 5-8 per doz.—Agents. PHIPSON and Co.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

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INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by

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DINNER TO MR. H. S. KING, M. P.

THE following Gentlemen have consented to act on the Committee of the PUBLIC DINNER to be given by the Uncovenanted Civil Service, to Mr. H. S. KING, M.P., at the Town Hall, on the 26th instant.

Gentlemen wishing to attend who have not yet informed the undersigned, are requested to do so at once.

SIR HENRY MORLAND,
T. M. FILGATE, Esq., Inspector General of Prisons.
J. W. ORR, Esq., M. A., Barrister-at-law, Prothonotary, High Court.
F. W. STEVENS, Esq., C.I.E.
C. E. FOX, Esq., M.A., Barrister-at-law, Master in Equity and Commissioner for Taking Accounts, High Court.
C. P. COOPER, Esq., Chief Presidency Magistrate.
Dr. T. COOKE, M. A., LL.D., Principal, College of Science, Poona.
G. W. FORREST, Esq., B. A., Educational Department.
T. D. LITTLE, Esq., M. Inst. C. E., Chief Engineer, Public Works Department.
T. A. LEMESURIER, Esq., Superintendent, Govt. Photo-zincographic Dept.
J. O'CALLAGHAN, Esq., General Traffic Manager, B. B. and C. I. Ry.
S. H. C. HUTCHINSON, Esq., Government Telegraph Department.
A. T. SHUTTLEWORTH, Esq., Conservator of Forests.
H. G. GELL, Esq., Deputy Commissioner of Police.
W. J. B. CLERKE, Esq., M. Inst., C. E.
J. GRIFFITHS, Esq., Principal, School of Art.
H. W. WARDEN, Esq., M. Inst, C. E., Under Secretary to Govt. (Ry. Dept).

HOWARD W. WARDEN.

Bombay, 18th Nov. 1889.

JEHANGIR J. CURSETJI, M.D.,

L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M.,

SURGEON-OBSTETRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON.

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"ANGLO-INDIA,"

A NEW WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR ANGLO-INDIANS.

ON SUNDAY, DECEMBER 1ST, 1889, will be published under the above title, the first number of a Weekly Newspaper devoted to the promotion of British interests in India, and intended to appeal to all classes of the European community throughout the country.

The policy which it will be among the objects of "ANGLO-INDIA" to advocate, is based upon the two-fold conviction that the prosperity of the British Empire in India depends upon the maintenance of that "authoritative" *regime* insisted on by Lord Dufferin as an essential condition of efficient government, together with the free utilisation of European skill and capital in the development of its resources; and that the fulfilment of these conditions presupposes, among other things, the preservation of a just proportion between the English and Native elements in the Public Service, and the adoption of a generous and sympathetic policy towards the European settler.

"ANGLO-INDIA" will advocate the re-organisation of the fiscal system of the country on such a basis as to relieve the Government, as far as possible, of the embarrassment arising from the depreciation of silver, the adoption of a more liberal and far-sighted policy as regards the construction of railways and other remunerative public works, and the encouragement of independent European enterprise.

It will support the claims of the Services to compensation for the reduction in the purchasing power of their pay, pensions and allowances, caused by the fall in the value of silver, and to a more liberal treament generally.

It will insist on the necessity of a complete revision of the present system of public education in favour of the substitution of vernacular for English, and technical for literary, instruction.

It will lend a hearty support to any well-considered endeavour, on the part either of the Government or private individuals, to ameliorate the condition of the Eurasian community, and its columns will be open to the free discussion of any plan for the purpose.

It will advocate the establishment of a local European Army, as calculated not only to strengthen our military position, but to alleviate the pressure of the home charges and the planting of military colonies in the Hills.

From the prominence given above to Indian administrative problems, it must not be inferred that the programme of "ANGLO-INDIA" is exclusively political. The discussion of social topics will find a place in its columns, and a full share of its attention will be given to affairs outside the Peninsula.

As a chronicle of events no pains will be spared to make "ANGLO-INDIA" as complete as possible. The services of able correspondents have been secured both in India and in England; no effort or outlay will be spared to procure the best and latest political and social intelligence; and a point will be made of furnishing from week to week an account of what is most interesting in the Art and Literature of the day.

A special feature will be the publication in each number of an Original Complete Story, in addition to an instalment of a Serial from the pen of some well-known writer.

To summarise—it is intended to offer the Anglo-Indian public a Complete, Comprehensive and First-class Newspaper, at a price which will place it within the reach of everybody. For this reason the extremely low rate of subscription will be payable strictly in advance, and orders unaccompanied by a remittance cannot receive attention.

"ANGLO-INDIA" will be edited by Mr. JAMES W. FURRELL, a journalist whose experience and solid judgment, combined with his intimate knowledge of India, are well known to all who remember the reputation enjoyed by *The Englishman* under his Editorship, and who, in placing his services at the disposal of this paper, has, the Proprietor believes, gone far to assure its success.

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W. H. TARGETT,
Calcutta.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 19.

BAR silver, according to Reuter, was still worth 43 11-16d. per oz. in London yesterday, but private messages quote the metal at 43⅞d. Silver securities, however, remained at last Friday's quotations in each denomination, Indian sterling Loan was also unchanged. About £125,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England yesterday. An extra lakh of Bills on Calcutta was placed by the Indian Council yesterday at 1s. 4⅞d, which shows an advance of 1-32d. on the rate obtained at the regular allotments last Wednesday. In Paris French Rentes were ¼ per cent higher at 87¾; and Exchange on London had advanced a centime, say to francs 25·24½.

In General Produce, Linseed was quiet, and prices were unchanged yesterday, as they were also for Rapeseed of all the kinds quoted. In wheat the price of spot soft Red in Liverpool was 4d. per cental higher, other descriptions being unaltered in value.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady, all round, last evening, the day's Sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, inclusive of 800 Surats. The price of Mid American remained at 5 11-16d. and all other spot quotations come unchanged; but American Arrivals were 1-16d. higher for November deliveries, thence to December-January 1-32d. higher, and 1-64d. up in the most distant position. The day's Imports were 14,000 bales. The Manchester market was firm at previous rates.

In New York, 10½ remained the price of ready Mid.-Uplands; but February Futures were 6 points above Saturday's quotation, at 10·20 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 51,000 bales, and the figures from the opening of the new season now give the following comparison with those of the previous two years for the same period.

	1889.	1888.	1887.
Monday's Receipts ...	51,000	54,000	63,000
Two days' do. ...	94,000	90,000	103,000
Since 1st Sept.	2,598,000	2,167,000	2,721,000

Transactions in Cotton here have again been on a small scale to-day, and confined to parcels of ready new Bengals and Oomra descriptions, no enquiry to speak of having been felt for arrival contracts, and no fresh business on that line having transpired. The purchases, which again sum up about 1,000 bales, have consisted of Bengals, at Rs. 185-8; Julgaum, at Rs. 211-19; Khangaum, at Rs. 218-19; and a little Hingunghat, at Rs. 242 per candy. The tone of the market has remained steady, and prices show no quotable change

WHEAT.—Rather more has been passing in this market to-day, but still only a moderate business has transpired, and prices are quite unaltered for all descriptions.

SEEDS.—The brisk demand experienced latterly has subsided in the absence of further encouragement, from the otherside, and transactions to-day have been upon a small scale, while prices, both of *Linseed* and *Rapeseed*, have given way to the extent of one anna per cwt; the market, however, closing steady at our quotations for these, and unchanged for other descriptions:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-3-6 to Rs. 7-9-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	„ 8-12-0	„
Do. do. Cawnpore.	„ 8-2-0 to Rs. 8-3-0	„
Do. do. Red ...	„ 8-0-0	

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	8,511 bales.
Wheat	59,429 cwts.
Linseed	8,759 „
Rapeseed	2,234 „
Gingelly	13,650 „
Ground Nuts	2,462 „
Castor Seed	1,940 „

FREIGHTS are steady with rather more demand apparent. Business has been done for Liverpool in Wheat and Seeds for early December shipment at 18s 9d., and for Hull in the same cargo for the same shipment at 19s. to 19s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE opened with a firm feeling, and has been steady during the day at an advance of 1-32d. A moderate amount of Merchants' Bills have come out at 1s. 4 31-32d. for November, 1s. 5d. for December, and 1s. 5 1-32d. for January-February delivery; but there has been scarcely any demand for remittance at 1s. 4¾d. for Bank Telegraphic from the middle of December transfer.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has further receded today. In the morning, with the Calcutta rate for Fours wired at 98⅜, the cash price here declined to 98 9-16, while 98 7-16 was quoted for the next settlement, and 98 1-16 to ⅛ for the 5th January account. In the afternoon, however, rates recovered a little and 98⅜ was quoted for cash with the next two accounts at 98½ and 98⅝ respectively, 102⅞ being still nominal for 4½ per cents.

SHARES.—There has been a good deal of movement in this market to-day on the principal line of Spinning Mill scrip, and prices show a more or less important decline in a number of cases at the quotations in our list. Press and Miscellaneous shares are generally unchanged and steady at our quotations.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	960
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	1,000
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	900
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shanghai..	60,000	$125	All	...	£55
National Bank	37,320	250	125	5 do.	175

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,160
Albert Ginning Co....	100	500	500	Rs. 20	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	740
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	267½
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	40½
Breul's Cawnpore P.	0	20	200	Rs. 16	105
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	135
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 265	420
East India Press Co....	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,125xd
English Press & Mfg.	400	250	...	Rs. 30	190
Fort Press Co.....	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,460
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	550
Harvey & Sabapathy	450	500	500	Rs. 25	445
Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	370xd
Manmar Manfg. Co....	1,400	250	250	Rs. 25	210
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	55
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 50	427½
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 45	525
New Indian Press.....	4,000	125	125	Rs 11	9 xd
New P. of W. Press ..	900	500	All	Rs. 40	340
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.).....	500	500	500	Rs. 50	500
Sind Press Co.....	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	470
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.....	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.....	300	500	50	Rs. 25	515
Volkart Press.....	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 65	595xd
Khamgaum Manfg. Co	400		250		250xd

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	850
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	950
Prince of Wales.....	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,760

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	200
	750	150	150	p.ct	152
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	142
Bapty Co., Ld.....	625		185	Nil	60
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld		00	0	6 p.c.	600
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	630
Bombay Ice Co., Ld..	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	88
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	11,000	2,500	165	Rs.	3,525
Do. (3rd Issue) ...	2,000	62	375	Rs.	880
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500	...	...	250
Cooper, Madon Ld ..	3,000	100	100	Rs.	5
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000	500	500	Nil	470
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	102½
Geyer & Co.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.....	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	12,000	25	25	...	5½
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	256	250	...	75
Kemp & Co., Ld....	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26½	365
Marcks & Co., Ld.....	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	75
Napier Hotel Co.....	300	100	100	13 p.c.	70
Napier Foundry	600	100	100	...	6 pm
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.a.	20
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 20	362½
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	Nil	65
Phillips & Co., Ld.....	4,000	100	100	Rs.	99
Soundy & Co., Ld.....	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	99
Southwell and Austin.	1,000		95	...	80
Telephone Co., Ld.....	12,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	12
Treacher & Co., Ld....	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,300
Thacker & Co., Ld.....	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour M. Mody & Co ...	900	1	125	Nil.	35 48
Bhownugger City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

BLYTH—November 19, at Middle Colaba, the wife of Fred. Blyth, of a son.

GREANY—November 17, at Belgaum, the wife of Surgeon Major J. P. Greany, M.D., I.M.D., of a daughter.

DEATH.

LYNN—November 17, at Baroda, Angelina Charlotte, the beloved wife of Capt. Arthur Lynn, and fourth daughter of the late H. G. Wilcox, Esq., of Bombay. Deeply regretted.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

HIGBY—November 7, at Asansol, the wife of R. G. Higby, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

AHMED—SAYIDUDDIN—November 10, at Biswan, Zillah Sitapur, Oudh, M. Sultan Ahmed, grandson of the late Chaudhri Syed Abid Ali, to the daughter of the late Taxi Sayiduddin, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Oudh, and sister of Maushi Azizuddin Ahmed, Deputy Collector of Jaunpur, N.-W.P.

JONES—D'ROZARIO—November 13, at the Cathedral, Lahore, by the Rev. W. F. Armstrong, Chaplain, Alfred Ernest Jones, North-Western Railway, to Leonora Barnes Prince, eldest daughter of Albert D'Rozario, Esq., Superintendent, Accountant-General's Office, Lahore.

DEATH.

YOUNG—November 11, at Landour, Alla St. Aubyn, the wife of J. D. Young, Esq. N.-W. P. and Oudh Police.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1889.

THE long expected Resolution of Government on the recommendations of the Bombay Extensions Committee has not even yet been issued, but we publish this morning as its herald a very full Minute by his Excellency the Governor, dealing with the chief points of the Commission's report and indicating those in which the Government concurs. This anticipatory Minute is without precedent. It may be regarded as the equivalent of the "objects and motives," which, borrowed from French Legislative procedure precedes Bills which are introduced into Indian Legislative Councils. The Minute in its first lines places on record a well-deserved acknowledgment of the definite and practical nature of the recommendations submitted by the Commission, for which they are declared to be entitled to the thanks of the Government and the gratitude of the public. Most of those recommendations will be accepted by the Government for future guidance. In regard to the proposals of the Commitee which pertain to the Municipality, the Minute states that the Governor sees no objection to an increase of the borrowing powers of the Corporation already pledged to the completion of the water-supply and the sewerage of the city, to enable them to carry out the proposed improvements. But a hint is given that in order to enable the Government to give all the assistance which the remarkable progress of the city demands, the Corporation should review their position in regard to loan works, present and prospective. Seeing that the city has within the last week obtained in the open market money for the Tansa water-supply at 5 per cent. at 2½ premium, it can scarcely be said that the financial situation is one that urgently calls for review. Doubtless the intimation has reference to the somewhat hasty determination to construct all works costing more than Rs. 1,000 out of loans—this practice might easily lead to a lax and extravagant use of borrowing powers for works which should be constructed with ready cash, if only as a corrective to the imagination when deciding on doing a multitude of little things that might be of no great value to posterity. The financial position of the city is sound, and the means of carrying out the works rendered necessary by the great and continuous growth of the city can easily be obtained at a very moderate rate of interest with sinking fund. It is to be noted that the London County Council in borrowing its first million for public works, provides no sinking fund, but undertakes to repay in from thirty to sixty years for the £850,000 actually borrowed the sum of £2,400,000 for interest and principal. Bombay Municipal Finance is much more prudent and does not ignore the interests of future generations like that of London. The objection formulated by a Committee of the Corporation to the proposal to bring the Municipal battoirs from Bandora to Matunga, seems to the Governor to be mistaken, and so it has always appeared to ourselves. The shorter the distance butchers' meat has to traverse before being sold in the markets the better for the public. The Governor expresses a hope that the advantages of Matunga site will be recognised, and that the matter will be fully considered when provision is being made for the sewerage of the northern part of the Island. On another important point we are glad to see that the well-considered recommendations of the Extension Committee are upheld against adverse criticism. The Minute approves of the proposal to build detached residences on the Marine Lines and the disused Ride immediately to the eastward of them. His Excellency points out that with the Esplanade preserved as an open space on the one side, and with the Kennedy Sea Face and all Back Bay on the other, there can be no question of depriving the narrow slip of town to the north of the Fort of air and ventilation. The great and urgent need in the business half of the city is adequate provision of healthy residences open to the sea breeze, and within easy distance of the official and mercantile offices. On the other hand the intention which was announced in 1883 of erecting sixteen residences on part of the Kennedy Sea Face, is, if not abandoned, laid aside for the present, it being reasonably expected that the addition to house room in the enlarged Marine Lines will sufficiently relieve the present pressure. On other points of interest the Minute also indicates the line which the Resolution of Government immediately to follow, may be expected to take.

ONE of the most interesting of the illustrated accounts of the French Colonies now being published by order of the French Colonial Under-Secretary is the notice of Madagascar, which brings up to date in a connected form our knowledge of the fortunes of the island under the French protectorate. Of course, the account given is *couleur de France*, but by making allowance for the natural amount of patriotic bias we may derive from it a fair idea of the present state of things. It does not appear that the French have yet very solidly established themselves in the country. The treaty settling the character of the protectorate was made after a protracted and inglorious war, and only three months before the conclusion of the treaty Admiral Elliot was severely repulsed in an attack made upon the Hova entrenched camp four miles from Tamatave. Indeed it was a difficult task for the French to inflict any serious defeat on the Hovas without employing large forces and spending much money. The coasts being low and unhealthy half-hearted attacks upon maritime towns chiefly resulted in heavy losses by disease, and the notorious difficulties of communication in the island rendered it dangerous to attempt to penetrate into the more healthy interior. Under the circumstances, as the French nation was not prepared for further sacrifices, the treaty made was moderate in character. "In order to impose a better treaty on Madagascar," M. de Freycinet remarked in the debate on its ratification "force of arms would be needed. Such an expedition would entail, according to minute calculations made by competent judges, the putting in the field of 25,000 men and the asking from the Chamber 100 millions of francs. I do not exaggerate, gentlemen! I have consulted all the expert military officers. Consult them yourselves and they will tell you that to reach Antananarioo and impose your will in an unmistakable manner on rapid and decisive conditions it would need 10,000 men, 10,000 men more to guard the communications, and 5,000 more as a corps de reserve." The force of these considerations was acknowledged, and the motion for the ratification of the treaty was adopted by 436 votes against 28.

By the treaty the French Government acknowledged the sovereignty of the Hova Queen to extend over the whole island, thereby giving up the claims that had been made before in favour of the independent rights of the Antankarama and Takalava allies of France. This was a great concession. On the other hand, by the first article of the treaty the French protectorate was fully acknowledged. By the eighth article the Queen of Madagascar was to pay France ten millions of francs to be applied to the settlement of French claims. It is generally not an easy task to get an indemnity paid up, but the French managed it in this case without much difficulty as follows:—In June 1886 Mr. Abraham Kingdon, representing a London Bank syndicate, undertook to raise for the Malagasy Government a loan of twenty millions of francs at seven per cent. interest on the security of the customs. The French Resident objected to this loan on the ground that it was contrary to the treaty, which gave France entire control over the external relations of Madagascar. The Malagasy Government, after some resistance, conceded the point, and it was arranged that the loan should be made by the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, which accordingly in the end of 1886 lent the Hova Government fifteen millions of francs, ten millions of which were to be handed over to the French Government in payment of the indemnity. The most important part of the treaty from an English and still more from an Indian point of view is the end of the fifteenth article, according to which the Government of the Republic reserves to itself the right of occupying the Bay of Diego-Juarez, and of setting up establishments as expedient (*à sa convenance*). The right of settling in this bay will give the French an opportunity of establishing a strong harbour and coaling station in the northern apex of Madagascar. The importance of such a port in the event of a war between France and England is of course clearly recognised by the French. The damage done to English trade with India and China by French privateers from Mauritius in the great French war was immense until an expedition was fitted out from India and conquered that island. But the effect of our possession of Mauritius would be neutralised by the French having a strong fortified harbour in Madagascar. Without Madagascar, as they were reminded lately by the Bishop of Angers, the French have no port of call in the Indian Ocean, where, according to M. Jules Ferry, will be the scene of the future maritime war, if it ever unfortunately breaks out. Madagascar, wrote a French writer in 1844, "is the most formidable position which can menace the British power. . . . From there, if war returned, we would cut all the commercial routes of England. . . . Madagascar would paralyse and starve Mauritius; for this colony takes from the harbours of the east coast a part of its provisions, and especially all its butcher meat." But perhaps too much importance is attributed to the effect of a strong French settlement in Madagascar from a military point of view. After all, the extension of the French Colonial Empire cuts both ways. Every sea is a highway for the commerce of England, and it would be hard to find a maritime post on the surface of the globe, the occupation of which by a foreign power would not menace some of our commercial communications. On the other hand past wars with France have generally resulted in the transference of more or fewer of her colonies to England, so that every new French colony might not unnaturally be regarded as a new hostage given by France to fortune.

Let us then turn away from considering what might be in the event of a French war, which we would fain hope may be regarded as an improbable contingency, and see what evidence the official description before us affords of the peaceful progress of Madagascar under a French protectorate. The Hovas are a progressive race, and have always shown a strong tendency to adopt European manners and customs which was not even extinguished by the French war. "Like the Japanese," writes Elisée Reclus in his Universal Geography, "the Hovas have plunged with a kind of frenzy into the adoption of European civilisation. Costumes, ornaments, furniture, dwellings, ceremonies, military parades, even religious, they have adopted all from the strangers, French or English, who visit them, and gradually the work of Europeanisation extends round the capital towards the extremities of the kingdom. The movement had even continued during the period of the banishment of all strangers, and those among them who had been expelled from Tananarivo and settled there again after the war were surprised to find there a great increase in the number of houses built in the European style of architecture." But not much of this progress can be traced to the French influence. It is now three years and a half since M. le Myre de Vilers made his solemn entry into Tananarivo "preceded by an imposing retinue of grand dignitaries clad in splendid uniforms," but, though he has the reputation of being an admirable diplomatist, there does not seem to be much progress to report since the date of his arrival. Hardly any French merchants followed the tricolour into the capital of Madagascar, and the officials at the French Residency had much to complain of the tedium and loneliness of their life. On the 15th of September 1887 a telegraph line was opened from T

TELEGRAMS.

THE GOVERNORSHIP OF BOMBAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 19.

Although no final selection has yet been announced Lord Balfour of Burleigh is now regarded as a probable successor to Lord Reay in the Governorship of Bombay.

(CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.)

NATIVES OF INDIA AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE'S COUNCIL.

LONDON, Nov. 19.

Lord Stanley of Alderley, presiding yesterday at a meeting of the East India Society, stated that Lord Cross had informed him it was quite within the power of her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to appoint natives of India to the India Council if it was deemed necessary.

BRAZILIAN STOCK ON THE EXCHANGE.

FINANCIAL SCARE IN SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

LONDON, Nov. 19.

Spanish and Portuguese stock share in the depression with Brazilian on the stock exchange fear of further disturbances being entertained.

SIR HENRY LOCH'S MILITARY SECRETARY.

Captain H. L. Sapte, Royal Sussex Regiment, has been appointed Military Secretary to Sir Henry Loch at the Cape.

A MILITARY ATTACHE TO THE EMBASSY AT TEHERAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 19.

The appointment of a Military Attache to the British Embassy at Teheran is now said to have been definitely decided upon.

Major-General T. E. Gordon, who left India on vacating the Assam Command three years ago, is the officer selected for the post.

A TOUR THROUGH THE NORTH OF KASHMIR.

Another good journey has been made through the difficult country to the north of Kashmir. Captain F. E. Younghusband, of the King's Dragoon Guards, has traversed the Shimsal Valley beyond the Mustagh Pass, and crossed into Hunza, a route which no other European traveller has ever followed. He is now on his way to Gilgit.

OUTBREAK OF CHOLERA IN WESTERN PERSIA.

The outbreak of cholera in Western Persia seems to be a severe one. It appeared first at Kermanshah on September 28, and 200 deaths were reported in ten days. It has since somewhat abated in that district, but has spread to Shustar and Humadan, where some 400 or 500 persons have died. There had been no cases of cholera in Teheran up to November 5.

LAYING OF A FOUNDATION-STONE BY PRINCE VICTOR.

His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor will lay the foundation-stone of the new water-works at Delhi.

THE MYINGOON PRINCE ARRESTED.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 19.

A telegram to the *Rangoon Gazette* announces that the Myingoon Prince has been arrested and detained at Saigon by orders of the Governor-General of Indo-China.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SINGAPORE, Nov. 18.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s steamer Melpomene, from Hongkong, left here for Bombay this morning.

PENANG, Nov. 19.

The Italian steamer Bormida left here for Bombay this morning.

ZANZIBAR, Nov. 19.

H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar's steamer Barawa arrived here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 18.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera	4 9-16

The Manchester Market was firm.

7 lbs. Shirtings	5 1½
8½ „ „	6 4
40s Mule Twist	9½
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4¼d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	87½
4 per cent. Rupee paper	68⅝
4½ per cent. „	₹1
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106⅜
Bar Silver	43 11-16d. per oz.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

(NOVEMBER 19.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Madras-Penang cable still interrupted. Section Elephant Point-Penang right.
Line Bangkok-Saigon still interrupted.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 19th Nov. 1889.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	19	7	5	...	12
Suez	19	7	33	...	44

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., 19th Nov. 1889.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	2	35	...	4
„ Karrachee	...	11	...	5
„ Madras	...	26	...	17

PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR ON TOUR.

RECEPTION AT MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 19.

H. R. H. the Prince arrived at Arkonum this morning at 5-45, and after having an early tea there left for Madras at 6-10, arriving at the central station at 7-30 precisely. On alighting from his saloon his Royal Highness was received by Lord Connemara, Sir Charles Arbuthnot, the members of the Executive Legislative Council, and a very large assembly of ladies and gentlemen. The Prince shook hands with several of those present, including the members of the Municipal Corporation. A municipal address of welcome was then read by Colonel Moore, President, assuring his Royal Highness that the people of this Presidency are second to none of the Queen's subjects in their sincere appreciation of the benefits of British rule, devoted loyalty, and attachment to the British throne. The Municipal Commissioners cordially welcomed the Prince, and earnestly hoped that his Royal Highness would find his Indian tour not only a source of pleasure and enjoyment, but also it will be a means of enlisting his sympathies on behalf of the people of this vast Empire. The address was signed by the president, two vice-presidents, and thirty Municipal commissioners, engrossed in vellum in pure virgin gold-leaf colours in Church text and with wide Swamy-pattern border drawings in four corners representing the principal Hindu deities—Brahama, Visnu, Siva, and Krishna—executed in gold on crimson background. The address was placed in an electroplated gilt casket, with an embossed design representing a Hindu temple with separate panellings, each panel containing representation of Vishnu. A suitable inscription was engraved on the top of the casket, which was mounted on an ebony stand.

The Prince, having accepted the address, replied as follows :—

I beg to thank you most heartily for the cordial and pleasant terms expressed in the address, which you have been so kind to present me to-day. You bid me welcome to this capital of the Madras Presidency. Ever since I landed in India I have been greeted by its people with enthusiastic kindness and good will, to which I know I have no personal claim, but I can assure you it is all greater delight to me when I realise that in the reception given to myself the loyalty and devotion to her Majesty the Queen-Empress is made so unmistakeably clear. It has always been my greatest ambition to see this vast interesting country, and I have long looked forward to the time when this wish might be gratified. Now that this opportunity has come I feel confident from what I had already seen that my expectation, though large will be more than realised and that the tour will give me a lifelong interest in the country, its people, and their institutions, which could not have been acquired otherwise than by a personal visit.

The reply read by the Prince was written and signed "Albert Victor, Major, 10th Royal Hussars." The Prince then inspected the guard-of-honour on the platform, furnished by the Madras Railway Volunteers—hundred men and band, under Captain Phipps, Locomotive Department—the band playing the National Anthem.

The scene at the station was most interesting. Capital arrangements were made by the railway authorities, admission to the platform being through tickets. Thousands of people thronged the approaches to the station and road-sides, troops lined the entire route from the station to Government House past the General Hospital, the Medical College, the Fort Glacis, Wallajah Bridge, and Munro Station. The troops presented arms and the bands played the National Anthem with colours lowered as his Royal Highness passed. At Government House a guard-of-honour was furnished by the Cornwall Regiment of a hundred men with band and colours, under a captain, with a full complement of officers. The Prince drove from the station to Government House in the Governor's State carriage, drawn by four horses with postillions, and escorted by sixty-four troopers of the body-guard. The Prince, Lord Connemara, Viscount Marsham, and Captain Harvey drove in one carriage, followed by the Commander-in-Chief, Sir Edward Bradford, Lady Arbuthnot, and Captain Preston in another carriage. The people cheered the Prince enthusiastically as he passed. The Prince was much gratified at the demonstration at the station. The police deserve great credit for the excellent way in which everything was managed. The Prince had breakfast at the Government House and spent a quiet day.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Nov. 19.—The barometer has risen slightly in Ceylon and at some stations in the Carnatic and the Deccan, and at Trivandrum, but has fallen elsewhere, briskly in northern India. The storm in the Bay has again moved northward, and the centre now lies east of Masulipatam, the storm apparently commencing across the coast. The high pressure over the areas of North Western India and the Upper Assam Valley holds steadily, and gradients are steep. Winds are cyclonic around the Bay being northerly to north westerly over the south of the Peninsula, north-easterly over the Bombay Presidency and the Central Provinces and light with calms over nor northern India. The wind is strong over Diamond Island, and fresh over Saugor Island, Ratnagiri, Bombay and Sholapur. Light or moderate showers have fallen in Bengal and on the south of the Peninsula.

THE Masonic fraternity of the Punjab have asked permission to present His Royal Highness Prince Victor with an address, in the form of a Masonic ornament suitably inscribed, on the occasion of His Royal Highness's visit to Lahore. It is suggested that the presentation should take the form of a silver level, with chased border and other embellishments, contained in a morocco case ; and that it should be presented by a deputation formed of some District Grand Lodge officers and the Worshipful Master of each lodge which subscribes. A circular inviting subscriptions is being issued. Subscriptions are fixed at Rs. 10 per lodge, the balance, if any, being made good by the District Grand Lodge, which will give Rs. 20 to begin with. The value is estimated at between Rs. 200 and Rs. 300. The names of subscribing lodges will be inscribed on the level. An invitation to a meeting of the District Grand Lodge, and afterwards to a banquet, has also been submitted for approval, and if the pressure of other engagements permit of it, it is hoped that His Royal Highness may intimate his intention to attend. In that event it is probable that the various Masonic bodies in the province will be well represented on the occasion. It may not be generally known that His Royal Highness Prince Victor already holds the exalted office of Senior Warden of England, and that, like his august father, the Grand Master of the order, he takes a deep interest in the craft.

EAST AFRICAN AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ZANZIBAR, Nov. 3.

THE arrangements for the raising of the blockade have now been completed. Admiral Sir E. R. Fremantle has left Zanzibar waters for Bombay, where he is to meet the Royal Prince now on his way to your port. Admiral Fremantle left here on 24th instant for Mombassa, where he tarried only to receive his despatches by the B. I. mail packet Baghdad, which arrived there on Monday, 28th instant. At noon the same day the Admiral left in his flagship, the Boadicea, intending to proceed direct to Bombay. The Agamemnon, which properly belongs to the Mediterranean Squadron, had left some days previously, and we have just heard of her safe arrival, on the 17th, at Aden. There are still six British men-of-war on this station and they will continue the good work of chasing slave dhows, as they did before the inauguration of the blockade, and the officers are looking forward to the handling of prize-money, very little of which has been earned during the last twelve months. These ships are the Turquoise, Mariner, Reindeer, Cossack, Algerine, and the Pigeon ; and Captain Brackenbury, of the Turquoise, is the senior officer on the station.

All the German men-of-war have disappeared except the Schwalbe, which is now lying in the harbour. The Leipsic, with Admiral Deinhardt on board, departed hence on the 14th ult. The Emperor wired to Admiral Deinhardt that he wished to meet him at Athens by the 1st November, and so the Leipsic's departure hence was somewhat hurried.

Prior to the raising of the blockade an agreement was entered into between his Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar and Mr. Portal, the Acting Consul-General of England ; and Mr. Portal has courteously given me a copy, which I append :—

AGREEMENT BETWEEN HIS HIGHNESS SEYYID KHALIFA BIN SAID, SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR, AND GERALD H. PORTAL, ACTING CONSUL-GENERAL OF ENGLAND.

"1. His Highness the Sultan above named hereby grants to England and Germany and to their representatives and naval officers a permanent delegation of the right of search of the dhows, boats, canoes, and other vessels belonging to his Highness' subjects in his territorial waters.

2. In view of and in continuation of existing treaties, his Highness Seyyid Khalifa-bin-Said agrees and will forthwith decree that all persons who shall enter his dominions after the first day of November 1889 shall be free, but slaves freed in this manner shall remain the subjects of his Highness.

3. His Highness the Sultan also agrees that all children born in his dominions after the first day of January 1890 shall be free, but it is understood that they shall remain the subjects of the Sultan if their parents are his subjects.

4. On the other hand it is understood that in consideration of the above-quoted undertakings the Blockade now being carried on by the English fleet shall be raised without delay.

This agreement is final, and is binding equally on all heirs and successors of the above-named Sultan and on the representatives of her Majesty's Government, but is subject to the approval and acceptance of the Government of her Majesty the Queen of Great Britan and Ireland, Empress of India.

In faith whereof Seyyid Khalifa-bin-Said, Sultan of Zanzibar, and Gerald Herbert Portal, Acting Consul-General of England have signed this document and affixed their seals."

Done at Zanzibar this thirteenth day of September 1889.

(Signed.) KHALIFA BIN SAID BIN SULTAN, and seal.
(Signed.) GERALD H. PORTAL, and seal.

The fact that Mr. Portal has induced the Sultan of Zanzibar to adopt a policy of virtual abolition of slavery is a great triumph, and one of which the Acting Consul-General may justly feel proud, and is a fitting finale to a most successful administration. But Mr. Portal hopes to procure another radical change in Zanzibar are he resigns the reins of government, and one which will greatly benefit British subjects. The Germans have their own Customs House, which they have increased to such a dimension that it exceeds that of his Highness in extent ; and this rapid extension of the German Customs House has given alarmists occasion to prognosticate the seizure of the whole of Zanzibar by Germany. As a matter of fact the English merchants might have had their own Customs House, but they preferred to use that of the Sultan with the stipulation that each firm might have a representative in whichever godown their goods were stored. Mr. Portal is endeavouring to persuade the Sultan to curtail the German Customs House to one godown, and if he succeeds in so doing it will be the most direct evidence of British prestige, and will show beyond a doubt that our influence in Zanzibar exceeds that of Germany. One thing is evident to all residents here, and that is that the Sultan never moves in a matter of importance without first consulting Mr. Portal, whose influence has ever been used in upholding as far as possible the authority of his Highness, who, in common with all who know him, will regret Mr. Portal's impending departure from Zanzibar. He will leave shortly for Aden in H. M. S. Pigeon, which has been placed at his disposal, and from Aden he will proceed by mail to England. After a brief period of rest he will return to Cairo, which place he left to represent his country here during Colonel Euan Smith's absence on leave. Col. Euan Smith is expected to arrive about the 27th inst. in the pioneer ship of the new direct mail line ; and the general feeling among Europeans here seems to be the hope that he will see fit to continue the energetic and firm policy of his able representative.

H. M. S. Reindeer made a splendid haul of slaves a few weeks ago. One of her boats, in charge of a petty officer named Aicber, was pulling into Chakichaki bay, into the Island of Pemba on the evening of 16th ultimo, when a small dhow was observed making for the inner harbour. The officer decided to board, though he little expected to catch any slaves, thinking that the nakoda of the dhow had already landed any he might have had on board. But a great prize and surprise was in store, for not only had the dhow slaves on board, but they were packed almost like herrings in a barrel : so crowded was the craft that the officer was unable to count the slaves correctly, and so he at once towed her to the Reindeer. The slaves and crew were transferred to the Pigeon, and the craft was sent here and handed over to the Court ; when it was discovered that the vessel had on board no less than one hundred and twenty-four slaves. The enquiry before the Prize Court elicited the information that the dhow left Lindi with the slaves on board, the nakoda having been promised ten rupees a head on every slave landed alive at Pemba. During his voyage he passed three of her Majesty's ships —the Algerine, the Pigeon, and finally the Boadicea, and escaped search in each instance, though the flag-ship altered her course, and seemed disposed to intercept him. He reached Pemba safely after a smart and successful trip (from a slaver's point of view), and was just making preparations to land his captives, when the Reindeer's boat overhauled him. At the present moment the nakoda of the dhow is languishing in prison, in company with his villainous crew ; his craft is lying a wreck on the beach, having been sawn in half by order of the Court ; and his cargo has turned out more profitable to the crew of the Reindeer than himself—he has lost his ten rupees a head, and an amount calculated at £5 a head for the slaves and £5 per ton for the dhow will be divided, in ratio, among the Commander, officers, and men of the Reindeer.

The name of the dhow was the Mansuri, and was supposed to belong to Mahomed Ben Esau, of Mombassa, and she was only 54 tons burthen. The slaves were only a complement of a very large caravan, numbering some six hundred captives, and were owned by Seyyid bin Esau and Rashid, who remained at Lindi, intending to follow in other dhows, with the residue of the slaves. Of those sent on in the Mansuri, the greater part had been taken in the battle between two tribes at Nyao, and sold to the two above named slave-merchants, and the others were stolen from their houses at Uyassa and Engendo. It is to be hoped that the rascally dealers will themselves be caught by one or other of our cruisers, all of which are now on the alert.

THE EXTENSION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

MINUTE BY LORD REAY.

THE following Minute regarding the proposals for the extension of the city of Bombay was distributed yesterday :—

A Government Resolution can now be issued on the recommendations of the Commission, which has dealt with the important problem of the future extension of the City of Bombay.

2. The Commission deserve great credit for the definite and practical nature of the recommendations they submit, and they are entitled to the best thanks of Government and to the gratitude of the public.

3. I think that Government can safely adopt most of the Commission's recommendations for future guidance.

4. The interests in a proprietory or pecuniary sense dealt with are those of—

I.—The Government
II.—The Municipality.
III.—The Railway Companies.
IV.—Private owners,
or one or other of these combined.

5 Those pertaining to the Municipality may be summarised under the following heads :—

(*a.*)—The provision of open spaces in various parts of the City.
(*b.*)—Roads.
(*c.*)—Arcades.
(*d.*)—Removal of buildings.
(1)—Pinjrapole.
(2)—Bandra Slaughter-house.
(*e.*)—Disposal of town sweepings and sewage.
(*f.*)—Burial places.
(*g.*)—Sanitary control and building regulations.
(*h.*)—The limits of the Municipality.

6. I see no objection, if necessary, to enable them to deal adequately with the Committee's proposals, to increase the borrowing powers of the Corporation, which is already pledged to the completion of the water-supply and sewerage and indispensable sanitary works. It is impossible, however, on present information, to form any estimate of the time when such increased powers will be needed, and the Corporation will perhaps review their position in regard to loan works, present and prospective, so that Government may be able to give the Corporation all the assistance which the remarkable progress of the city demands.

7. The committee of the Corporation are adverse to the suggestion that the Bandra slaughter-house should be removed to Matunga, and to that regarding the removal of the Pinjrapole. The site at Matunga proposed for the slaughter-house is near the junction of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway main line, and the old disused siding to Mahim, and the advantages it possesses over the present site are that live stock could be brought direct into the yard by either railway : that better standing and grazing ground would be available close at hand : that the distance between the slaughter-house and the markets over which the meat would have to be conveyed is considerably less, and that the slaughter-houses would be more apart from other buildings. These advantages form strong arguments in favor of the Extension Committee's recommendation, and the matter ought to be fully reconsidered when the sewerage of the northern portion of the island is provided for.

8. As respects the other heads pertaining directly to the Municipality, the matter is sufficiently dealt with by the general approval accorded to the recommendations of the Committee in para. 3 above. The question of disposing of the town sweepings in the way recommended has been definitely taken up, and the matter is in a fair way of settlement : the questions of arcades and burial places must be left entirely to the Municipality, and the new Municipal Act comprises, it is believed, all the more important legal provisions necessary to give effect to the recommendations under the head(*a*). "Sanitary control and building regulations" which includes those sections of the Extension Committee's report relating to offensive trades and manufactures, sanitation and powers of the Municipality. As regards the last head (*h*), Government may accept the well-considered opinion of the Extension Committee that no change should be made in the existing limits of the Municipality.

III.—THE RAILWAY COMPANIES.

9. The branch lines of railway suggested must be made and worked by one or other of the two railway companies now running into Bombay, who are the best judges of the precise lines to be followed and of the time when the constructions of each should be undertaken. The Public Works Department (Railway) should be requested to invite the attention of the Directors of both companies to the recommendations made by the Committee in this respect.

10. The suburban stations complained of are situated mostly on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, and these are all receiving attention. A new station at Byculla has been sanctioned, and plans and estimates for others are under consideration.

11. The proposed new railway station at Hancock Bridge will involve the acquisition of valuable land, but the want appears to be regarded as urgent, and the scheme should be considered and reported upon in the Railway Department.

12. Government may accept the suggestion for an over-bridge south of the Marine Lines Station, in connection with proposals 2 and 18 under the head "Roads", and I consider it should be immediately undertaken. The section of Road (18) southwards from the Marine Lines to Church Gate Street Station should be omitted. In these circumstances, the bridge over the level crossing at Chaupati may be removed from the class of those immediately required. The provision of a bridge over the level crossing at Falkland Road may be regarded as practically settled. The question of bridges north of Byculla, both immediate and prospective, should be referred to a Committee to be appointed by the Public Works Department (Railway) on which the Corporation, Railway Companies, and Government should be represented. The question for decision is the exact sites at which bridges are required, with a view to the acquisition and reservation of the land likely to be required for approaches and low level roads. No time should be lost in deciding the point, as the land is rising in value and the erection of new buildings on such sites, which will enhance the cost of acquisition, should be prevented.

IV.—PRIVATE OWNERS.

13. I attach much importance to the suggestion that mill-owners should build suitable accommodation for their operatives near the mills. The suggestions of the Committee in other respects appear judicious. Nothing appears to have been done in Bombay hitherto by private owners towards the methodical laying out of building estates in the manner so common in England. The matter is not one in which Government can take any action, but the suggestions set forth will no doubt attract the attention they deserve.

I.—THE GOVERNMENT.

(*Vacant spaces.*)

14. These recommendations may be accepted, on the understanding that Government is free to impose such terms, as in individual cases it may be necessary to impose in the public interest. The plot of land referred to under (1) namely, the strip west of the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway, between Wodehouse Bridge on the north and Colaba Station on the south, has since been allotted for railway purposes, and is not available as a site for residences, as recommended.

15. The Chief Engineer, Northern Division, should furnish a plan of the Cotton Green site (2) showing the best arrangement for building plots, and the conditions he would propose as regards style and construction. The rents now realized from the plot should be reported. He should also furnish a rough project for proposal (5), removal of bandstand to centre of oval, which it appears probable may require some modification on consideration in detail. It is, moreover, not clear how funds for the ornamental garden are to be provided, and to give effect to the proposal as it stands would interfere with the space being utilized, as it has so frequently been, for fairs and large public gatherings. The removal of the railings would further result in people and especially children wandering about the ride to the annoyance of riders and their own imminent risk.

16. The proposal (6) that the semi-circular plot, opposite the Sailors' Home, should be devoted to buildings may be approved. Designs for laying it out to the best advantage should be invited on conditions which should be framed by the Chief Engineer, Northern Division. A prize my be offered for the best design. The general idea should be to erect buildings with a double open colonnade round the semi-circle leaving the space in the centre vacant, and leaving gaps in the line of buildings (but not in the colonnades) to suit the direction of the prevailing winds. When the question of the best plan of laying out this area has been decided, Government will be in a position to invite offers for building leases.

17. The most important of the recommendations under this head is that relating to the Marine Lines site (8). Five of the members of the Committee dissent from the recommendation, and their objections have been carefully considered. The requirements of this part of the City as regards breathing space and purposes of recreation will be fully met by the proposed reservation of the present parade ground and of the Kennedy Sea Face. The whole width of the Island from the shores of Back Bay to the Harbour is at the northern end of the site less and at the southern end considerably less than a mile, and the proposals made, providing as they do, for wide cross roads and ample garden spaces between the buildings will not interfere with the free circulation of the air across the parade ground (itself a considerable air space in the immediate vicinity) to the populated areas east of the Waudby and Hornby roads. Having these considerations in view, the recommendations of the majority of the Committee as regards this area, may be approved, and immediate steps should betaken for giving them practical effect. A Committee consisting of the Chief Engineer, Northern Division, the Collector of Bombay, and the Architectural Executive Engineer and Surveyor have already reported ; their report has been considered by the Sanitary Commissioner and is now before Government in the Military Department.

18. The site at the south-west corner of the plot on the Queen's Road has been allotted to the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company for their offices, in accordance with the recommendation of the Committee that the frontage along Church Gate Street shall be reserved for imposing public buildings in keeping with the public offices in the vicinity.

19. The recommendation (14) that the Kennedy Sea Face be reserved vacant for play and recreation grounds, has already been referred to. It involves the abandonment of the proposals made in 1883 to lay out a strip 150 feet wide between the Marine Lines Station and Churney Road, bounded on the east by the railway fence, in building sites for detached residences with garden spaces between. The requirements in this respect will be amply met for a long time to come by the building plot to be made available on the Marine Lines Estate. It does not, however, appear that this proposal would in itself seriously curtail the area to be devoted to recreation purposes, which would still be very large, or that it would (as was urged at the time) interfere with the free admission of air to the thickly populated parts of the city east of the line. Under present circumstances no specific reservation of the strip seems required, and the recommendation of the Committee may be approved, but the question may at some future time have to be reconsidered, should pressure on space in other directions, further reclamations or other alterations, render it necessary.

20. Recommendation No. 16 under this head, may be approved so far as regards the area occupied by the hill slope, on the understanding that the Municipality are prepared to undertake the expense of maintaining the garden, and that Government retain the right to re-enter, should the land be required by them for any purpose, or should it, or any portion of it, cease to be maintained as a public garden. The other portion of this site, comprising the flat ground at the foot of the hill, should be reserved for buildings as proposed on the adjoining plot (15). It will be necessary to prepare a plan of this area, which may be called the Chaupati Estate, showing method of laying out the site in building lots before any offers are invited for leasing it.

21. The recommendations regarding the disposal of lands in the flats (17, 18, 19 and 20) are separately under consideration. The proposals made have been before Government on a previous occasion and should now be reconsidered.

REMOVAL OF BUILDINGS.

22. Some of the suggestions under this head have already been given effect to. A special committee has been appointed and has submitted a report on the removal of the Colaba Lunatic Asylum, the House of Correction, and the Jail,—a project involving important considerations of finance and administration. The Chief Engineer, Northern Division, should be requested to prepare and submit a rough project for removing the Government Mews. The recommendation that the Dockyard, Arsenal and Gun Carriage Factory should be removed to Hog Island, is one to which the Government have given much attention : it is considered that the transfer is one that circumstances will in time necessitate, but the Government of India have decided that, in the present condition of the finances, whatever may be the ultimate decision, there is little prospect of the transfer being carried out for many years to come.

The proposal to locate the Native Infantry Lines and Executive Commissariat Office, &c., at Colaba, (referred to also under the head Cantonment and Military Offices, page 12 of the Report) are supported by the military authorities, who recommend their adoption. The recommendations may be generally approved, subject, of course, to a site being made available by reclamation, and to the approval of the Government of India, to whom the matter will be referred before any action is taken.

24. The Cathedral High School is not a Government building. Proposals for its transfer to a building on another site are under the consideration of the governing body of the school, who are aware that Government are prepared to further them on conditions which have been laid down.

25. The questions regarding the reservation of a site for a new Government House on the Esplanade, and the disposal of the Malabar Point and Parel properties, should be reserved for future separate consideration. Financial pressure renders any immediate action out of the question, and the matter must be deferred until the new European General (St. George's) Hospital and other important public works now in progress, are completed.

26. The recommendations under "Spaces to be left open" have been dealt with under head II. "The Municipality." Public open spaces not specifically alluded to in the Committee's report, should be treated as the circumstances of each may require, bearing in mind the Committee's general recommendations.

27. There remain the important questions of terms and conditions for the disposal of sites referred to on page 6, and "Reclamations" dealt with on page 11. As regards the former, the very valuable opinion recorded by the Committee is in accordance with the principles on which Government have for some time past acted in dealing with applications. Offers should be invited for some selected sites, on the basis recommended, at the proper time, of which due notice should be given.

28. As regards reclamations, the localities in which such should be undertaken, as indicated by the Committee, may be generally approved, subject to the concurrence of the military authorities as respects their effect on the defences. No scheme can be sanctioned or entertained which is open to objections in this respect. The reclamation at Colaba, to such extent as may be necessary to meet Government requirements, must be reserved for execution by Government.

The questions of the limits of the area to be so reclaimed, the probable cost of such reclamation, and the sites which can be offered to the public for reclamation at once, and the precise terms of such offers, should be referred for the report of a Committee consisting of—

The Chief Engineer, Northern Division.
The Collector of Bombay.
The Executive Engineer, Presidency.

The Committee should obtain from the Superintending Engineer, West of India Coast Defences, information as to the areas within which reclamations would be inadmissible, on account of interference with the range of fire of the batteries, &c., &c.

October 1889. REAY.

THE CHIN-LUSHAI EXPEDITION.

A CORRESPONDENT wiring from Pokoko on Thurs day last says :—Four hundred men of the 2nd Battalion 4th Gurkhas under Lieutenant-Colonel King-Harman arrived to-day. The column around which interest is likely to centre is gradually collecting and will be in motion about the 23rd instant. The Sappers and Miners go first ; the King's Own Scottish Borderers follow the next day ; then the 4th Gurkhas, and after them 200 sepoys of the 2nd Madras Infantry, all concentrating at Kan under the immediate command of Brigadier-General Symons. It is reported that the Chins are blocking the road beyond Kan.

A Fort White telegram says :—The Tashons still constantly come in here, and on each occasion reap a rich harvest from the sale of fowls and eggs ; but this is not grudged as they are doing good work. They have within the last two days brought in five captives given up by the villages of Mwebingyi and Sagyilaing, and give hopes of more, though they report that the captives are given up very slowly, and that people who own them are bolting with them to the jungles. The Tashons hearing that the people of Lumen instead of giving up eight captives that they had, had sent them away, completely burnt that village on November 7th We saw the village burnt and heard between forty and fifty shots, and the Political Officer hears that one of the Lumen people was killed, one wounded and the whole of the inhabitants taken prisoners to Tashon Jwama. Besides this, as we ourselves have seen, many outlying houses have been destroyed by the Tashons. The latter are very anxious evidently to avoid hostilities with us, and considering the assistance they could give us it would seem worth our while to come to terms with them, if possible, before the plan of the cold weather operations is finally decided on. Much is hoped for from the meeting of the Political Officer and the Tashon chiefs at Sihoung, which is expected to take place at the end of this month. About 160 of the Cheshire Regiment have arrived here and look fit and strong.

PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR AT HYDERABAD.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Nov. 16.

MADRAS, Calcutta, Bombay, and the other large cities which Prince Albert Victor has yet to visit during his tour in India have a hard task before them if they wish to beat or even equal what Hyderabad has done to prove its loyalty to the British Crown. Excluding to-morrow, which will be to the Prince a day of rest, prior to his departure for Madras, H. H. the Nizam has had barely two days to fete his Royal guest, but Nawab Major Afsar Jung Bahadur, A.-D.-C. to the Nizam, a most hospitable gentleman himself, not only worked with a will to make the two days' fete exceed everything of the kind that has ever taken place in Hyderabad before, but succeeded admirably, the arrangements being complete and every item on the programme going off with *eclat*. All the guests invited by the Nizam to join in the festivities given in honour of the Prince have had a merry time during those two days, and enjoyed themselves to the full.

The ball, as mentioned in yesterday's letter, was a great success, so there is no need for dwelling on that at any greater length.

Though he retired by no means early last night, the Prince was out early this morning, dressed in a green hunting-costume ready to set out for Sarood Nagar where Nawab Major Afsar Jung had promised him good sport, hunting down deer with the cheetah, and shooting black buck. About seven in the morning, the Nizam and the Nawab Major arrived at Baskir Bagh, and all being ready, the Prince, escorted by his hosts, together with General Bradford, Captains Harvey and Holford, and Mr. Caton Woodville, who is accompanying the Prince as special artist for the *Illustrated London News*, set off for Sarood Nagar. Arrived at the hunting-field, abundance of game was found, although it was rather a rough bit of ground for stalking. It was hilly and covered with huge boulders, but to the artistic eye the surroundings were extremely beautiful. The sun just beginning to wax strong, coloured up the panorama with a warm, though not dazzling, golden glow, while at the foot of the valley in front of the huntsmen lay a still lake surrounded by palms. In the background stood a range of hills, whose brown and golden peaks were just throwing off the veil of mist in which they had lain enveloped during the night. But it was not magnificent scenery the Royal party had come out to admire. Game was found immediately on arrival, and one of the three cheetahs which had been brought up in a cart was got ready for the sport. He was run forward, unhooded, and his nose set at a fine herd of deer. He needed no pushing, for with a bound he was off, and soon had disappeared into a deep nagar. The deer, finding an enemy amongst them, flew off across country in terror ; but they did not all escape. The cheetah had marked his prey, and secured him beautifully. When the Royal party rode up they found the cheetah had brought down a magnificent animal, across the body of which he lay with teeth firmly fastened in the captured brute's throat. The next thing to do was to get the cheetah to loosen his hold; not a very easy matter one would readily imagine. To drag him off would be an impossibility. No force is used at all. The animal was allowed to retain his grip, while a shikar smartly hooded him again, and then the cheetah without any coaxing left his prey, and allowed himself to be quietly conducted back to his brethren in the cart.

The Prince, however, was anxious to kill deer himself in a more manly way. He longed to bring his rifle to bear upon the game he had come out to find. Accordingly Nawab Major Afsar Jung took his Royal Highness and Captain Harvey off in another direction, leaving the rest of the party to continue with the cheetah. They began well ; but that was all. The two other cheetahs were tried, but without success. There were many deer ; but the cheetahs were neither hungry nor thirsty. They would not look at the game, so nothing more was done in that line. But Prince Albert Victor was more successful, more so even than his Royal father the Prince of Wales was when he first went deer-stalking on an Indian plain. The Prince of Wales was unlucky, and determined to shoot something, took to bringing down birds. But deer-hunting in India is very much different from stalking at home ; it requires a deal of practice to successfully hunt Indian deer, and the Prince of Wales grew very expert ere he left our shores in 1876. This morning Prince Albert Victor very soon proved himself a steady and good marksman, killing a fine animal with a cleverly planted bullet. Captain Harvey was even more fortunate, two animals which happened to come across his path falling to his rifle. By ten o'clock, the sun being high in the heavens, and the Royal party beginning to feel the heat, it was proposed to give up, and return to the city.

At noon, by invitation of Nawab Sir Asman Jah, two hundred and four guests sat down to breakfast along with H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor in the palace at Khana Bagh, in the city. The route from the Prince's residence to the palace was magnificently decorated. The sky was almost hidden with line upon line of banners and flags of all nations hung over the streets. Venetian masts tipped with gilded spikes, bore little banners of many colours, and between the footpaths and the road were erected frameworks of wire-netting which were profusely garnished with flowers. It was in fact like a barricading of roses.

The triumphal arches, were as numerous as they were massive and grand. They were no flimsy erections of cloth and sticks, but substantial structures of wood, some painted to represent different kinds of stone, and others gaudily coloured and adorned. All bore inscriptions either in English or Persian, giving the Royal guest a hearty welcome to Hyderabad. One of the first, on an arch towering high in the air, surmounted by groups of large flags was the, wish "Long Life to Your Royal Parents," and about a hundred yards farther on, on a square built arch painted in light colours were in old English the words "A Ryghte Kindlie Greetynge." The next we passed through was an immense structure of three spans, the central one being over the carriage way, and the two smaller ones crossing the footpaths on either side. This arch was painted most artistically to represent stone, but round the arches on a scarlet ground in large gilt lettering were the lines "Long Life and Happiness ; Health, Wealth, and Prosperity." "God Bless the Queen-Empress," and "God Bless the Prince and Princess of Wales," were the inscriptions on two other arches ; while the Prince himself was greeted with such welcomes as "Hyderabad Greets Thee Heartily," "Welcome, Thrice Welcome," and "A Hearty Welcome to You." The demonstration of enthusiasm along the route by the crowds which turned out in their thousands were enough to turn one deaf ; but they were a ruly mob, requiring no efforts of the police, or of the Nizam's soldiers who lined the roads, to keep them in their places. Breakfast at the Khana Bagh lasted about an hour and a half. It was called a breakfast ; it would have been a sumptuous dinner if it had been a few hours later. His Royal Highness led the way to table with Mrs. East, wife of General East, H. H. the Nizam following with Lady Claude Hamilton. Breakfast over, his Royal Highness departed for Bashir Bagh, and having been so delighted with the excellent sport he got at the morning's hunt—for the killing of three bucks in the course of two hours was indeed something to be proud of—he expressed a desire, instead of going to the races, to try his luck again with the gun. H. H. the Nizam and the Nawab Major Afsar Jung were only too delighted to humour their young Royal guest, and getting once more into hunting costume, the same party as visited Sarood Nagar in the morning wended their way thither again to try this time some snipe-shooting. Again the party had excellent sport, and again the Prince proved himself no mean sportsman, many birds falling to his gun.

Then came the great event of the day, the grand banquet by

We have already gone through the streets from Bashir Bagh to the Palace, and viewed the decorations by day; but magnificent as they were, they were infinitely surpassed by the illuminations by night. We have all read in our youth in the fairy tales of the Arabian Nights of the wondrous riches of Oriental Princes, and the grandeur of Eastern cities and palaces; but the most powerful imaginations could hardly have conceived anything more brilliant than this. It was on turning into the city by the Afzar Jung Gate that the first full blaze of light burst into view. From foundation to cummit of the massive piece of architecture, lamps of various colours were suspended, along the top, down the sides, and round the Gothic-shaped arches, throwing upon the masonry lights of different hues. Through the gate-way was seen the city, glittering as with fiery jewels, if such a term may be used in describing a scene so far beyond the powers of the pen. Passing through the gate and entering upon the bridge, the full glory of the illumined city was beheld, with its mosques and palaces, its tall spires and round domes, all clearly defined against the dark canopy overhead by myriads of lights whose brilliancy seemed to put out the very stars above. There was the Palace of the Char Minar, its four immense spires towering far above the surrounding buildings, outlined and encircled with those pretty *buttees*, and throwing upwards and around so charming a glare as if defying the lamps of heaven above. The adornment of the walls of buildings along the route was unique in the extreme. The lamps, in some parts, looked as if they had been packed against the wall; but in many instances they were arranged with great taste, and after properly drawn plans. They were fixed up on outlines to represent pictures. There were many trees, which reminded one of the wonderful shrubbery in the cavern from which Aladdin drew all his wealth, massive crowns set with the brightest and largest of jewels, and many other curious devices all picked out with little coloured lights. Passing a large building which looked like a temple, a picture presented itself which particularly attracted the attention of the passer-by. It was simply a little fountain set in the centre of a basin. It was not playing, perhaps purposely, for it is a question if the effect the mode of lighting was evidently meant to produce would have been so striking with the water spouting in the air. Certainly an illuminated fountain is always a pretty spectacle, but this still scene was passing beautiful. A circlet of lights planted closely together burned round the basin, and the fountain in the centre was simply clad in coloured lanterns, hiding its design, but the most charming effect of all was the reflection, thrown up as by a mirror on the water in the basin. Further along we passed in turn through the numerous arches already referred to in the description of the decorations. They were all ablaze; but one in particular which escaped our observation during the day made a startlingly grand show. It was entirely constructed of glass with pictures of flowers painted all the way up the columns. It may be imagined how dazzling it was when it is stated that the lights inside were reflected by bright gilded and silvered pillars. But that did not complete the picture. The site of the arch was well chosen. It was partly enshrouded with trees, the branches of which hung over it, and amongst the leaves of which were hung Chinese lanterns, which made them look like gigantic Christmas trees, and giving an effective dressing, which it certainly did not need to render it more beautiful, but which truly gave additional charm to the spectacle. In a word the arch seemed filled with fire, and one could not refrain from turning back and gazing upon it, until a turn in the road hid it from sight.

We were now approaching the palace, a glimpse of which we gained as we passed into a narrow lane enclosed on each side by a high wall laden with lamps. Lining the road stood his Highness the Nizam's soldiers with bayonets fixed, while at short intervals were posted torch-bearers whose flaming brands added to the picturesqueness of the scene. At last the palace gates were reached. Passing the guards, who stood like statues at the entrance, we commenced to ascend a flight of steps past more guards and more torches which made the atmosphere hot and heavy. Then there came a rush of cool air, and ere we had time to realise it, we were at the top, looking down upon a scene the grandeur of which could not possibly be imagined. We were in one of the Char Mahals, or four quadrangles of the tremendous building, with the millions of lights all spread out in front. It seemed as if the genii who, in Eastern lore, were said to be in attendance upon the kings and princes of old, had been at work upon the Afzal Mahal Palace of his Highness the Nizam at Hyderabad. It was an ideal palace of jewels, dipped in fire. The extensive court-yard had been converted into a garden whose flowers were jewels; jewels along the high steps leading to the great building surrounding the garden; jewels thickly set around the doorways and windows; jewels on the walls; jewels in every crevice lighting up with strange and wondrous effect the rich carving upon the buildings; jewels along the eaves, and on every pinnacle. Proceeding down a flight of steps, and passing through the guard-of-honour of the Nizam's infantry in waiting to receive the Royal guest, we came to another great flight of steps all carpeted in bright crimson, ascending which we found ourselves on the wide terrace that runs round the quadrangle. Between the stupendous columns hung massive chandeliers of coloured crystals, and congregated on the terrace was the great gathering of guests and of officers attending on the Nizam and of his army in their picturesque blue and gold uniforms.

At a quarter to nine his Royal Highness arrived, H. H. the Nizam's band playing the Arabian hymn. The Royal guest was received by the Nizam in person, and conducted to the terrace where the rest of the guests were in waiting. His Royal Highness then offered his arm to Mrs. East and escorted her to the banquoting hall as he had done at the breakfast in the morning, preceded by H. H. the Nizam, who led in Miss Fitzpatrick, daughter of the Resident. Passing through the drawing room, a luxuriously furnished apartment, the decorations of which were all of gilt on a ground work of amber to match the upholstering, while from the roof hung magnificent pink and white crystal chandeliers, we came to another terrace looking upon another court-yard illuminated much after the same fashion as the first, only in the centre was a large tank of water reflecting like a mirror the lights encircling it. From this we passed into the banqueting halls, a series of long, gorgeously decorated, and brilliantly lit apartments. Here we found the Nizam's band again which repeated its performance of the Arabian hymn as the Prince entered and took his seat. The banquet was, in a word, a grand success, as many as 312 guests sitting down to table.

The following is a list of those present:—Colonel Nevill, Mr and Mrs Storey, Mr G H Ailuttmed, Miss Mackenzie, Mr and Mrs Picton Hodson, Major and Mrs Gough, Mr T H Lowensky, Capt Henderson, Major-General Campbell, Major and Mrs Gilchrist, Capt F Jones, Dr Lauder Brunton, Mr G Palmer, Mr Tighe, Mr and Mrs Morris, Mr and Misses Fitzpatrick, Mr Henry Gay, Mr Tuorpli Rock, Col and Mrs Peel, Dr Hehni, Capt Pirie, Mr and Mrs Willmot, Capt Lawkey, Major and Mrs Kirkwood, Major Fox, Capt Purdon, Rev C J Etty, Major Cannursh, Major and Mrs Johnstone, Col Alexander, Capt and Mrs Munro, Mr R B King, Mr and Mrs Stevens, Mr and Mrs Heenan, Capt and Mrs Wotherall, Rev and Mrs Brittain, Miss Bayley, Brigadier E Luck, Rev F C and Mrs Hill, Major and Mrs Clarke, Dr and Mrs Major Law, Col and Mrs Butler, Mr and Mrs Wood, Major Each, General and Mrs East, Mr and Mrs and Miss Robinson, Dr and Mrs Kellie, Major and Mrs Channer, Mr. Haig, Dr Scott, Mr, Mrs and Miss Harold. Meer Syed Ali Khan Bahadur, Moulvi Syed Ali Belgrami, Mirza Toofail Ali Baig, Mir Leakath Ali Sahib, Goolam Mustafah Baig Sahib, Nawab Mahaboob Yar Jung Bahadur, Major Nawab Afsar Jung Bahadur, Nawab Badi-ud-Dowlah Bahadur, Nawab Muzaz Yar Jung Bahadur, Nawab Kadmood Dowlah Bahadur, Nawab Kadir Jung Bahadur, Nawab Ekhbar Yar Jung Bahadur, Raja Murli Manabeer Bahadur, Raja Sheoraj Dharumwhin Bahadur, Rajah Kishen Pershad Bahadur, Messrs Bakshi Ragnath Prasad, Baboo Giya Prasad, Rai Hookum Chund, Raja Bij Raj, Hari Kishur, Ghudaia Purshad, Liddick Yar Jung, Rustomji Nusserwanji, Nawab Jalal-ood-Dowlah Bahadur, Nawab Asuf Nawaz Jung Bahadur, Nawab Maboob Yawur Dowlah Bahadur, Sultanool Hookma, Nawab Sharuf Yabji Bahadur, Nawab Jarar Jung Bahadur, Nawab Vikar-ul-Umra Bahadur and son, Nawab Mumi-ul-Mulk Bahadur, Nawab Iftikar-ul-Mulk Bahadur, Nawab Khani Khana Bahadur and son, Nawab Fakhrub Mulk Bahadur, Nawab Usker Jung Bahadur, Nawab Im-daud-Jung Bahadur, Abdul Ally Khan, Ali Mahomed Khan Bahadur, Nawab Shumsir-ul-Mulk, Nawab Barak Jung Bahadur, Nawab Zafar Jung Shums-ud-Dowlah Bahadur, Nawab Imam Jung Khinsh-ud-Dowlah Bahadur, Nawab Asuf Yawar Ool Mooik, Nawab Khurshed Jah Sham-ul-Umrah Amri-i-Kabir Bahadur, Nawab Bahram-ul-Dowlah Bahadur, Mr Furdoonji, Private Secretary; Mr Dosabhoy, ADC; Nawab Mabbooyar Uldas Nawab Budrooddam, Captain Beauclerk, Major-General Campbell, Colonel Ludlow, Major and Mrs Gough, Mr and Mrs Willmott, Dr Branden, Mr G Palmer, Mr and Mrs A J Dunlop, Mr T Ballantine, Mr and Mrs Biscoe, Colonel and Mrs Nevill, Mr and Mrs Stevens, Mr and Mrs Hodson, Mr and Mrs Buchanan and Miss Breme, Mrs Sutherland, Mr and Mrs Heenan, Mr and Mrs Gordon, Mr Gough, Mr and Mrs C B Dunlop, Mr and Mrs Gauntlett, Mr and Mrs G F H Heenan, Dr and Mrs Binford, Mr R Kinly, Mr Warner, Mr Wilkinson, Dr Hohin, Hormusjee N Vakil, Mr and Mrs S M Wadia, Mr and Mrs Fellowes, Mr Blathwayte, Mr and Mrs Fattay Navaz Jung, Mr King, Nawab Mushin-ul-Mulk Bahadar, Moulvi Chiragh Ali Sahib, Nawab Azumyas Jung Bahadur, Nawab Intelsar Jung Bahadur, Moulvi Syed Ali Hussain Sahib, Nawab Emaud Jung Bahadur, Moulvi Hussan Atacolla Sahib, Nawab Emaud-ud-Dowla Bahadur, Moulvi Syed Afzul Hussain Sahib, Moulvi Shaik Ahmed Hussain Sahib, Rafutya Jung, Nawab Dowlut Yar Jung Bahadur, Moulvi Mahomed Abdul Kareem Sahib, Mr Dorabjee Dossabhoy, Nawab Mukanur Jung Bahadur, Mahomed Munawar Khan Sahib, Moulvi Ali Raza Khan Sahib, Moulvi Syed Yekbal Ali Khan Sahib, Moulvi Shareef Hussain Sahib, and Nawab Akbar Jung Bahadur.

The following was the *menu* :—

POTAGES.

Consomme a la Printaniere.
Cock a leekie.

POISSON.

Filets de Pomfret.
Sauce Mayonnaise.

ENTREES.

Volaille a la Normandie.
Puree d'agneau en aspic.

ROTS.

Dindon a la Perigord.
Selle de Mouton.

CURRY AND PILAO.

Becassines.
Asperges en branches.

ENTREMETS.

Creme Julienne.
A la Macedoine.

GLACES.

A la Vanille.
Au Chocalat.
Aux Ananas.

DESSERT.

At the conclusion of the banquet, during which his Highness the Nizam's band played an excellent selection of European music in most finished style.

H. H. the Nizam rose and proposed the toast of "The Queen-Empress" which was enthusiastically pledged, the band playing "God Save the Queen."

H. H. the Nizam next proposed the toast of the evening, namely, the health of his young Royal guest. He said: Your Royal Highness, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Ladies, and Gentlemen,—I rise to propose the health of his Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor of Wales, who has been graciously pleased to honour me to-night. Although his Royal Highness's visit is a private one, we Indians cannot for a moment forget that after his Royal father, he stands nearest to the throne of Great Britain, and of that greater Britain which includes India. In this splendid empire, over which the sun never sets, he will be welcomed wherever he goes, but nowhere will he be welcomed more loyally than he is here in Hyderabad, both by myself and by my people. I beg his Royal Highness to accept for himself, and convey to her Majesty the Queen-Empress, assurances of my devoted friendship and loyalty, and the devotion and loyalty of my subjects. I will now call upon you to drink to the health of his Royal Highness, Prince Albert Victor of Wales, with the prayer that God may grant him long life, and a brilliant and glorious career.

His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor in reply thanked his host for the grand reception he had had in Hyderabad, and in particular the kindnesses paid him personally by H. H. the Nizam. He expressed the great pleasure he had experienced in Hyderabad during his short stay, and for the kindly manner in which his health had been drunk that night. He assured his Highness he would take pleasure also in conveying to her Majesty the Queen-Empress his Highness's assurances of devotion and loyalty to the Crown.

His Royal Highness next proposed the health of H. H. the Nizam, to which his Highness briefly replied.

The company then rose from table and proceeded to the terraces to view the illuminations and a display of fireworks in the courtyard. The exhibition was a magnificent one, and quite in keeping with the grandeur of the illuminations. A large palace was shown on fire, and a bombardment scene with showers of rockets and shells was not only exciting but grand. A motto of fiery letters "Victory to Victor" was received with cheers as was also one which seemed planted against the sky in letters of red and green "Welcome to His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor of Wales." A splendid show was the despatch of a shoal of lighted balloons to one of which a dummy figure was attached and created great amusement. Everybody was watching to see the balloon take fire as many of the others did, but it soared beautifully into the air and was soon lost in space. Between 11 and 12 o'clock his Royal Highness took leave of H. H. the Nizam, who escorted his guest to his carriage.

To-day the Prince did little, merely resting at Bashir Bagh prior to his departure for Madras; but in the afternoon he paid a private visit to the Nizam, and in the evening went out to Trimulgherry to dine with the officers of the 7th Hussars. After spending a pleasant evening his Royal Highness drove over to Secunderabad, where his special train was in waiting to take him to Madras. At the station he was again met by his host the Nizam, but owing to the lateness of the hour, it being now midnight, and the departure being also strictly private, the gentlemen on the platform were few in number. They were:—Sir Asman Jah, the Minister Nawab Imad-ud-Dowla, Private Secretary to the Nizam; Colonel Ludlow, Inspector-General of Police to the Nizam, Mr. Logan Hume, of the 3rd Madras Cavalry; Mr. Fitzpatrick, and Nawab Major Afzul Jung Bahadur.

The only pity is the Prince was unable to make his stay in the State a longer one, for there were many more wonders to be seen, could he have only remained to witness them; and many of the nobles were alike anxious and ready to receive and entertain his Royal Highness. It will be strange indeed, however, if the Prince and those who were fortunate enough to be numbered amongst the Nizam's guests will ever forget the grand fete of Saturday night at the Palace of Afzal Mahal.

A CURIOUS matrimonial case, in which three natives applied for the restitution of their respective conjugal rights in regard to a woman named Khatun, came before the Punjab Chief Court for disposal on the 9th instant. It was originally brought before the Magistrate of Jhang, by one Ismail, who claimed to be the defendant's lawful husband. Subsequently, however, one Araf also filed a similar suit at Mooltan, claiming the defendant as his, and only his, lawful wife. This was taken as a counter-claim upon the claim of the first plaintiff, Ismail, and the court at Jhang dismissed the claim of Ismail and held, at the woman's own confession, that she was the lawful wife of Araf. Latterly, another man named Amir, came forward and said that Mussamat Khatun was his wife, and that both the plaintiffs had hitherto dishonestly imposed upon the court to deprive him of his lawful spouse. While this last claim was yet *sub judice* the first plaintiff appealed to the District Magistrate at Mooltan, and then to the Chief Court, in August 1888. In February 1889 the Chief Court returned the case for further inquiry, and on the 9th instant the case was heard by Sir Meredyth Plowden, who held that neither of the claimants were entitled to the defendant as none of them was married to her. Also that the documents in the shape of marriage contracts and registers produced by the plaintiffs in support of their respective claims, were forged and ought to be confiscated, pending trial of the accused for forgery and perjury. The two mullas who helped the impostors in their endeavours to carry out their most dishonest intentions towards the woman, were also ordered to be prosecuted for making false entries in their marriage registers, and for giving false evidence before the lower court.

DAIRY WORK IN INDIA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—As you have kindly given prominence to the question of dairying and the use of the "Cream Separator," I am going to ask you to be good enough to give me space to answer some objections that have been raised to the method. One critic has entirely misunderstood the work done by the Laval Cream Separator. It is not a machine for churning butter in any sense. It is simply a machine for separating cream, or *malai*, as it is called in India, from the milk as it comes from the cow. The advantages resulting from this alone, are obvious to those who know anything whatever of the nature of milk and its various products. In the first place, by separating the milk as it comes from the animal, you have the two products "cream and milk" perfectly good and sweet, and ready for use in the many ways in which the two can be applied. The start that is gained before souring commences is of incalculable advantage in a climate where souring begins so soon. The cream which contains the butter fats, being only about one-tenth of the bulk of milk, leaves a much smaller quantity to be dealt with whether it is made into butter and eaten as such, or carried still further by converting that butter into ghee—thus lessening the labour, and improving the quality of both butter and ghee, by keeping out of it the curd which seems to constitute the chief constituent of Indian butter. So long as butter contains this curd, it not only loses its keeping properties, but has that insipid taste common to butter made from fresh milk. But it soon becomes strong and unsavoury from the action of the curd. At the same time the separated milk is not only good for drinking purposes, but is equally useful for cooking or for making *mawa* so much used in sweetmeats. It is usually supposed that the cream contains all the goodness of milk. This error is simply due to the absolute ignorance of the composition of milk by 90 per cent. of those who use it. I could show you, did space permit, that all the valuable food constituents of milk are contained in the separated milk from which the cream has been taken, the cream containing principally the oily fatty matters, which do not agree with all stomachs, thus rendering the separated milk a most valuable food for children and invalids, and is much recommended by the doctors in England.

This I think answers the question "what is the good of it?" I am told that labour in India is cheap and unlimited. But not all the labour of India can produce what this simple machine does, namely, fresh cream and good fresh drinking milk as it comes from the cow.

As regards the cost of the machine being excessive, and about the power of poor people to buy, I will only remark that some who have their wits about them will see their way to get greater return from their milk, and thus pay a good percentage on the cost of the machine.

As regards the probable cost of repairing the machine, I may say that with only ordinary care it is quite impossible to put the machine out of order. But before leaving Bombay I hope to leave an agent behind me both capable and competent not only to do repairs but also instruct others in the working of the machine.—Yours, &c.,

HENRY A. HOWMAN.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

ANTHONY MANUAL DE SOUZA *vs.* MONGIBAI.

Mr. R. D. Setna, instructed by Messrs. Thakordas, Dharamsi, and Cama, appeared for the plaintiff, who claimed to recover the balance due on a mortgage bond executed by the defendant in respect of her landed property. The claim was proved, and his lordship gave a decree for plaintiff for Rs. 3,007-7-5 with interest and costs.

GOOLABCHUND MALOOKCHUND *vs.* GHANCHI KOOBERDAS MAKANDAS.

Mr. Mankar, instructed by Mr. Wilkin, appeared for the plaintiff, who claimed to recover Rs. 5,715, the balance due for consignments of sugar and other goods made by the plaintiff to the defendant at Surat. The account had been adjusted between the parties, and the amount now sued for was found due to plaintiff. A decree was given in plaintiff's favour for Rs. 5,715, with interest and costs.

PANALAL NARRONDAS *vs.* SORAB RUSSOOLBHOY SAMASBHOY.

Mr. R. D. Setna, instructed by Messrs. Jefferson, Bhaishanker, Dinsha, and Kanga, appeared for the plaintiff. There was no appearance for the defendant. The claim was founded on an adjusted and signed account which the plaintiff proved. His lordship gave a decree for plaintiff for Rs. 3,965 with interest and costs.

GEORGE W. ROUGHTON *vs.* JAMES L. FAGAN.

Mr. Starling, instructed by Mr. Byrne, appeared for the plaintiff. There was no appearance for the defendant, upon whom the summons was served at Aden. The defendant signed a composition deed on the 1st September 1887, of which the plaintiff was appointed the trustee. Under the deed the defendant was bound to pay Rs. 300 a month, but he had made a default. Seven months' instalments were due from him at the date of the plaint. The Court gave a decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 2,100 with costs, the amount to be paid by monthly instalments out of the pay or money payable to the defendant in conformity with the provisions of the Army Act.

RAMPURTAB SAMRATROY *vs.* SHRI NARAIN RAMCHUNDER.

Lord Colin Campbell, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert and Sayani, appeared for the plaintiff. There was no appearance for the defendant. The suit was brought to recover money due on a bill of exchange drawn on the 3rd August 1886. It was negotiated in the Bank of Bengal, and being dishonored in October 1886, it was paid by the plaintiff's firm at Delhi. A decree was given for the plaintiff for Rs. 2,500 with interest and costs.

JAMASJEE RUTTONJEE MISTREE *vs.* DHUNBAIJEE.

Mr. Mankar, instructed by Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, appeared for the plaintiff, the defendant being unrepresented. The claim was for Rs. 3,541 due on a promissory note executed by the defendant, a landed proprietress. The plaintiff proved the execution of the note, and the Court gave a decree for him for Rs. 3,541 with interest and costs.

KARMALI FAZULBHOY *vs.* HAJEE ABDUL LUTIFF BALADINA AND TWO OTHERS.

The plaintiff, a Khoja Mahomedan, prayed for judgment for Rs. 14,000 against all the defendants, namely Hajee Abdul Lutiff Baladina, Narotumdas Gordhundas, and Roopsay Mathuradas; and for an additional sum of Rs. 3,000 against the first defendant, with interest and costs. Mr. Starling and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, appeared for the plaintiff; the Hon. Mr. Latham and the Hon. Mr. Telang, instructed by Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, appeared for the first defendant; the second defendant appeared in person; while Mr. Lang and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir, Hormusjee, and Dinshaw, appeared for the third defendant. After hearing the evidence on both sides, his lordship came to the conclusion that the plaintiff's claim could not be sustained. He had failed to prove that he was entitled to the brokerage he claimed; and the suit was dismissed with costs.

A MAN of colour, who gave the name of Brown, was charged at the Thames Police-court, on Saturday, Oct. 26th, with being a wandering lunatic. Constable Walsh said, in the preceding night he saw the defendant in the West India Dock-road. He threw himself into the road, and rolled over and over, shouting and singing. He then said he was a British subject and wanted to see the Queen, as he was the Emperor of India. Brown afterwards ran about after people, and it took four constables to get him to the station. Mr. Saunders ordered the man, who kept muttering to himself that he required protection, to be sent to the workhouse as a lunatic.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to signify her intention to confer the decoration of the Victoria Cross upon Ferdinand Simeon Le Quesne of the medical staff, whose claim has been submitted for Her Majesty's approval, for his conspicuous bravery during the attack on the village of Tartan, Upper Burma, by a column of the Chin Field Force, on May 4, 1889. The following is an account of courage for which he is recommended:—Displayed conspicuous bravery during the attack on the village of Tartan, by a column of the Chin Field Force, on May 4 last, in having remained for the space of about ten minutes in a very exposed position (within five yards of the loopholed stockade from which the enemy were firing), dressing with perfect coolness and self-possession the wound from which Second Lieutenant Michel, Norfolk Regiment, shortly afterwards died. Surgeon Le Quesne was himself severely wounded later on whilst attending to the wounds of another officer.

THE "POONA" CHUTNIES, Sweet or Dry are most appetizing and wholesome preparations. Per Bottle Re. 1-4. Manufactured only by PHILLIPS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

THE DECCAN ICE COMPANY.

THE seventh ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company was held yesterday at the registered office, Elphinstone Circle, Mr. Raghunath Narayen Khote, C.I.E., chairman of the board of directors, presiding. The following report of the directors was submitted:—

The last report of the board, dated 17th November 1888, was adopted at a general meeting of the company, held on the 29th November 1888. The board now submit their report for the year ended 30th September last, together with audited accounts to the same date. The working account shows a credit-balance of Rs. 3,892-10 as against Rs. 3,262-15-7 during the previous year. The result would have been much better, had it not been for the heavy leakage of ether that occurred at the Poona factory. Owing to the machine constantly losing ether, a larger consumption of fuel was required to enable it to make the same quantity of ice. The price of coals was also much dearer, so that the charges for ether, stores, and fuel at Poona amount to Rs. 5,130 in excess of the similar charges for manufacturing an equal quantity of ice in 1888. The defects in the machine have now been discovered and rectified, and it is satisfactory to report that the profits earned in September last exceeded those earned in the same month of the previous year by Rs. 700. The demand for ice, both at Hyderabad and Poona, again exceeded the supply the machines could turn out, showing the absolute necessity of increasing the manufacturing plant. It is therefore proposed to purchase and erect a five-ton machine at Hyderabad, and remove the two-ton machine thence to Poona, thus raising the out-put of the latter factory to 4 tons a day. To enable the company to do so, it will be necessary to raise more capital. The directors have given the matter most careful consideration, and have decided to issue forty debentures of Rs. 1,000 each, bearing interest at eight per cent. per annum. These debentures constitute an excellent investment and are hereby offered in the first place to the shareholders; proposal being meanwhile received for such of them as may not be so taken up.

The Royal do not consider it advisable, under existing circumstances, to recommend the payment of a dividend. It is therefore proposed to apportion the profits as follows:—In redemption of preliminary charges Rs. 400; addition to depreciation and renewal fund Rs. 3,400; leaving to be carried forward to next year's account Rs. 92-10; total Rs. 3,892-10. Had it not been for the unfortunate circumstance of the leakage of ether, the profits this year would have been much greater, and it is confidently expected that, when the contemplated additions and alterations are completed, the profits will amount to not less than Rs. 12,000, and should gradually improve from year to year as the sales of ice increase and the debts diminish. The purchase of the Hyderabad factory has been duly completed. The retiring directors are Messrs. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy and M. S. Jamsetjee, who are eligible for re election,

The directors' report and audited accounts for the year ending 30th September last were approved and adopted. Messrs. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy and Merwanjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee, who retired by rotation, were re-elected directors. Mr. Raghunath N. Khote, C.I.E., was re-elected chairman of the company. The appointment made by the board of Mr Hugh Symons as an auditor in place of Mr. N. S. Symons, absent from Bombay, was approved and confirmed. Messrs. N. S. Symons and Nusserwanjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee were re-appointed auditors of the company on a remuneration of Rs. 50 each. The proceedings terminated with the customary compliment to the chairman.

EUROPEAN GENERAL HOSPITAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

PRESIDENT.—The Hon'ble F. L. Latham. Committee—General White, R.E.; C. H. Kane; Hon'ble F. Forbes Adam, C.I.E.; Rev. A. Goldwyer Lawis; J. A. Cassels; Major Bisset, R.E., C.I.E.; M. Turner; J. C. Anderson; Dr. Collie; L. R. W. Forrest, honorary secretary.

The committee thankfully acknowledge the following subscriptions lately promised:—

	Rs.
Messrs. Gysi and Kleingjung	150
Proceeds of Theatrical Performance by the E. and A. I. Association	300
Messrs. Treacher and Co.	200
Mr. W. A. Connell	5
The Bombay Gas Co., Ld.....	100
Mr. A. C. Trevor, C.S.....	100
Mr. H. T. Ommanney, C.S.	50
Mr. W. S. Price	10
Azam Ballabhai Nandlal	10

The committee has succeeded in obtaining a singularly fine site for a Convalescent Home and Sanitarium at Khandalla on the ridge to the west of the barracks and overlooking the Ghauts to the Concan. With the sanction of Government, Mr. John Adams, Architectural Executive Engineer of the Presidency, has kindly consented to design the buildings with the sanction of Government, and it is expected a commencement will be made next month.

Subscribers to the Fund are, therefore, requested to send in their subscriptions to the Bank of Bombay, and the committee confidently hope that the sum of Rs. 50,000 may be subscribed before the end of the year. About Rs. 37,000 have already been promised.

MILITARY NEWS.

Major A. C. Rochfort-Boyd, R. E., has been appointed to command field companies, the Royal Engineers, at the Curragh Camp.

Captain and Quartermaster W. Richy, Royal Artillery has been elected City Marshal of London in place of Major Burnaby appointed Common Crier.

Captain H. A. Kinloch, King's Royal Rifles, has been succeeded as Garrison Adjutant at Dublin by Captain F. A. Fortescue of the same regiment.

The old colours of the 2nd Battalion Royal Irish Fusiliers have been deposited in the Cathedral at Armagh. They were taken over to Ireland from Dover by Major J. Reeves and Captain A. D. Moore.

COLONEL COLOGAN, 5th Bengal Infantry, is about to be placed on special duty in the Military Department to work out and organise a scheme for the employment of the military pensioners in civil capacities. The work will be on lines similar to that carried out in Madras by Colonel Leigh Hunt.

The 2nd Suffolk Regiment has distinguished itself in signalling. At the General's inspection held at Aldershot lately a team of eight signallers under Lieutenant Bazalgette and Sergeant Madlock obtained 100 per cent with the large flag, and 99·79 with the small flag, being an average of about 16 words per minute through intermediate stations. The service message of ten words was sent in 6½ minutes, and 16 words in a minute were signalled with the lamp.

DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the s. s. Indrani in the Prince's Dock this evening at half-past seven o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted. Come and bring your friends.

THERE has been heavy rain in Calcutta, with some promise in the cloudy appearance of the sky in many parts of these provinces, that its benefits may be extended to the north-west, where the winter season at present is proving worthy of its warm one.

MR. BRADLAUGH, having been ordered by the doctors to make a sea voyage, decided to visit India, and, if well enough, will be in Bombay at the time when the Congress (with which he is so prominently identified) holds its forthcoming session in this city. A special form of prayer for the recovery of the junior member for Northampton was used at All Saints' Church, the principal church in Northampton. Prayers were also offered for the recovery of the hon. member in several of the chapels of the town, and there were several sympathetic references to Mr. Bradlaugh's illness. It is stated that since the commencement of Mr. Bradlaugh's illness he has come in for a legacy of £1,000, under the will of the late Mr. Porter, of Beeston, Notts. Mrs. Besant also gives £300, and Mr. J. W. Wheeler, an active but less well-known member of the Free Thought party, £100.

LETTERS received in India from merchants at Kabul state that on the night of the 4th November a disastrous fire broke out in Kabul city, in a serai known by the name of "Serai Zardad Khan" (in Guzarapul-i-Khishti), all the Amir's officers, the Shahzada Habibulla Jan and the Parwana Khan, were present. The fire lasted eight hours, *i.e.*, from 10 P.M. to 6 A.M., and the whole serai was burnt. The loss sustained is estimated at about 5 lakhs. All the foreign merchants from Makhad, Peshawar and Delhi, as well as Lahore, on arrival at Kabul, usually put up in this serai.

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley presides at the fifth Criminal Sessions of the High Court, which commences to-day. There are for trial nine cases, implicating eleven prisoners, of whom five are Hindus, four Mahomedans, and two Parsees. There are two cases of murder, two of attempt to murder, one of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, one of a rash and negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide, one of causing mischief by fire, one of making a false charge of an offence and one of abetment of criminal breach of trust as a carrier. Three of the cases have been committed by Mr. Cooper, four by Mr. Ryan, one by Mr. Richardson, and one by Dr. Blaney as Coroner. The following is a summary of the calendar:—

1. Syed Esuf bin Syed Mahomed, committed by Mr. Cooper, for false charge of offence made with intent to injure, for giving false evidence in a judicial proceeding, &c.

2. Savaksha Pestonjee Niramwalla, committed by Mr. Ryan, for mischief by fire with intent to cause damage.

3. Bhanjee Cullianjee, committed by Mr. Cooper, for abatment of criminal breach of trust as a carrier.

4. Krishna Govind, committed by Mr. Ryan, for attempt to murder.

5. Surpa Josha, Poona Senna, and Lalla Walla, committed by Mr. Ryan, for culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

6. Sooltan Chingan, committed by Mr. Ryan, for murder.

7. Manockjee Eduljee, committed by Dr. T. Blaney, Coroner, for a rash and negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide.

8. Aga Kuchik Aga Buzzark, committed by Mr. Richardson, for murder.

9. Munshi Mithubux Salarbux, committed by Mr. Cooper, for attempt to commit murder, and for voluntarily causing grievous hurt.

THE SITUATION IN FRANCE.

EVER since the General Election, rumours of a change of Ministers have been assiduously circulated. The matter was brought before the President of the Republic at the Cabinet Council held at the Elysee on Saturday. M. Tirard, on behalf of his colleagues, intimated that, on the meeting of a new Legislature, the President might possibly like to be free to surround himself with new advisers. President Carnot pointed out that the elections had resulted in a vote of confidence in the ministers, and their resignation would be unintelligible. It was, therefore, agreed that the Cabinet should meet the Legislature as it now stands. After the verification "des pouvoirs" and the election of the President, it is likely (says the *Standard* correspondent) that some changes will be made, and that M. Spuller and M. Tirard will retire; but nothing is decided yet, and the lists of the new Ministry to be formed some six weeks hence, which have been drawn up, are mere guesses.

The *National* says that the succeeding Cabinet will be presided over by M. de Freycinet, who will resume his old post at the Foreign Office, M. Ribot taking the Ministry of the Interior, M. Leon Say, the Ministry of Finance; General Davous the Duke of Auerstaedt, or General Billot the War Office; M. Brisson, the Ministry of Justice, M. Rouvier the Ministry of Commerce, M. Viette the Department of Agriculture, and M. Faye that of Public Instruction, whilst Admiral Krantz would continue at the head of the Admiralty. The *National* adds that M. Casimir-Perier will be elected to the Presidency of the Chamber, and M. Tirard to the Presidency of the Senate.

I do not believe (adds the correspondent) that there will be any Ministerial changes during the "Extraordinary" Session commencing on Nov. 12. It will only be after the regular Session has commenced—the second Tuesday in January is the date fixed by the Constitution—that there will be a change of Cabinet, or, what is more probable, modifications of the present one. That M. Tirard and M. Spuller will then retire is almost certain, but that M. Rouvier and M. Constans will be displaced from their posts may be regarded as an invention.

It is reported once more that M. Waddington will be recalled from London, and replaced at Albert Gate by M. Montebello, whose present post at Constantinople is to be conferred on M. Bourree, at present French Minister at Brussels.

SUCCESSFUL MILITIA SUBALTERNS.

THE following are the successful candidates at the September competitive examination of Militia subalterns for commissions in the Army:—

CAVALRY.—Williamson, W C, 4th Highland L I 1791, Chetwode, P W, 3rd Oxfordshire L I 1865, Young, T M, 4th South Wales Borderers 1655, Wormald, F, 3rd West Riding Regt 1647, Stewart, H J T, 4th South Staffordshire Regt 1626, Sudley, Viscount, 3rd Royal Berkshire Regt 1569, Edwards, S E, Kent Artillery 1559, Band, T W, 3rd Royal Scots Fusiliers 1617, Thomson, H V, 4th East Surrey Regt 1516, Smyth, M N, 3rd Royal West Surrey Regt 1510.

ARTILLERY.—Sheppard, H C, Glamorganshire Artillery 1783, Arderne, D D, Isle of Wight Artillery 1599, Cape, G A S, Kent Artillery 1588, Hewetson, A W, Waterford Artillery 1461, Gillson, G, Lancashire Artillery 1434.

INFANTRY.—Turner, C H, 4th Royal West Kent Regt, 1929, Wardell, W H, 3rd Liverpool Regt 1889, Bowker, W J, 3rd North Lancashire Regt 1887, King, S W, 4th Royal Fus 1887, Shewell, E W, 3rd Duke of Cornwall's L I, 1835, Heard, A E S, 5th Royal Irish Fus, 1814, Harding, W G, 3rd South Wales Borderers, 1797, Jervis, S J, 3rd South Staffordshire Regt, 1777, Stuart, B F B, 4th Royal Inniskilling Fus, 1769, Alexander, A V, 3rd Royal Irish Regt, 1749, Sinclair-MacLagan, E G, 5th Royal Dublin Fus 1743, Chambers, R A, 3rd Suffolk Regt 1731, Broadley, T S C W, 4th Middlesex Regt 1730, Grayshaw, F W, 3rd Connaught Rangers 1722, MacEwen, D L, 3rd Royal Highlanders 1719, Waldy, R W, 3rd Devonshire Regt 1718, Swan, J S, 3rd Royal Inniskilling Fus 1713, Brown, W M, 4th West Riding Regt 1691, Leslie, R F W F, 3rd West Yorkshire Regt 1688, Holbrook, A St C, 3rd Royal Irish Fus 1682, Lowry H D, 3rd Border Regt 1678, Stevenson, C J, 3rd Shropshire L I 1677, Darrell-Brown, H F, 4th Oxfordshire L I 1668, Fagan, L E, 4th Norfolk Regt 1663, Rawl

MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

GRAYDON v. ZALINSKI, writes the *Admiralty and Horse Guards Gazette*, will be a trial of some importance, and go far to determine the merits of the rival inventions of dynamite torpedo-throwers. We have already given the opinions of many officers as regards the weak point of the Zalinski invention, the tremendous length of barrel and shortness of range being foremost among them. Graydon reduces the length while he increases the range to three miles, and a gun, or projector, now ordered of Messrs. Taunton and Co., of Birmingham, is to stand a pressure of 5,000 lbs. to the square inch. Early next year it is hoped that some conclusive experiments may be carried out.

It having been found during the recent naval manœuvres that the electric search-lights of ships of the "M" class were awkwardly placed, says the *Electrical Review*, the Admiralty has decided to adopt the suggestion of Captain Wilson, of the Vernon, with the view of remedying the defect. In place of the towers, which are very inconvenient, owing to seas breaking against them, flooding the bridge, and giving the vessel such a vibration that the guns would in case of necessity probably be powerless, a portable platform will be shifted inboard so that the electric light may only be used when actually required. This arrangement will give the ships extra stability, and the search-lights will not be too much in evidence during an action. The new plan is shortly to be tried on the Marathon and Magicienne, and the work preparatory to the experiment is already proceeding.

Lord Charles Beresford's name has been mentioned in connection with the Warspite, the Australia, the Immortalité, and several other vessels; but only on Saturday was the nomination definitely fixed, and the *Daily News* of October 6 announces that the ship in which Lord Charles will hoist his pennant is the belted cruiser Undaunted. The Undaunted, which was built by Palmer's Shipbuilding Company at Jarrow in 1886, is a steel twin-screw belted cruiser of 5,600 tons displacement and 8,500 indicated horse-power. She carries two 9·2-inch 22-ton, and ten 6-inch breechloaders, together with sixteen quick-firing and seven machine guns, and six torpedo launching tubes. Her extreme speed is 18½ knots, her sea-going speed about 16 knots an hour, and she has a complement of 450 officers and men. During the recent manœuvres she was commanded by Captain Martin J. Dunlop, but she was paid off in September, and is now at Devonport. The Undaunted, when recommissioned, will reinforce the Mediterranean fleet.

Suppose an officer is appointed to a gunboat, asks the *Naval and Military Argus*, where does the Admiralty intend him to stow all his paraphernalia? In the next place, the greater portion of naval uniform is unsuitable in regard to either neatness or comfort. A frock-coat is by no means a suitable attire on board ship, a monkey-jacket is a monstrosity, the present mess jacket is a hideous garment, a cocked hat is a ludicrous head-piece, and the only point about the existing "uniform" cap is that it affords naval officers an opportunity for diversities of shape, size, and badges. In regard to the suitability for climatic conditions—which should be one of the characteristics of naval uniform—the existing one in no measure meets this. "Full dress" and "undress" are "full" and "undress," all the world over, and no sane man could aver that a naval officer arrayed in either attire on the west coast of Africa or other tropical climate is a sight either pleasing to himself or his mess-mates. We have up to the present time failed to discover the utility of the existing full-dress uniform of the Royal Navy. It is no doubt an appropriate enough costume for the half-pay and retired officers who live in London to don when they go to a levee or drawing-room, but for what reason are junior officers in the service compelled to provide themselves with it? A good many of them don't, the commanding officer suddenly discovers it, then there is a row, "reasons in writing" are called for, some young officer—who can't afford it—is, nolens volens, called upon to provide himself with an expensive attire which he never wears; it is "stowed away" during the remainder of the commission somewhere or another, and when the ship comes to pay off, is unearthed and found to be no longer uniform, as the lace, instead of being gold is probably black.

Photographs of the interior of the gun are taken by means of the electric light, and the information obtained by these means is most valuable, and is manifestly more satisfactory than that given by the method of taking impressions of the bore in soft rubber. Photography has also been made use of in studying the motion of the projectile. In the case of large guns, instantaneous views of the shot during its flight have been successfully taken by means of a camera provided with a quick-acting shutter. This method is not applicable, however, to small arms, says *Scribner*. A rifle bullet is a very small object, and the camera must be set very near its path in order to obtain a picture of sufficient size to be of use; but the nearer the instrument is placed to the moving object to be photographed, the more rapid is the motion of the image over the plate, and no "instantaneous" or quick-acting shutter could possibly be made to operate with sufficient rapidity or at the proper instant, to give a sharply defined picture. The desired end is accomplished, however, by the aid of electricity. The camera is provided with an extremely sensitive plate and placed in a dark room, through which the bullet is made to pass. The instant the bullet is in front of the camera it breaks an electric circuit, producing a spark which illuminates the bullet for an instant, and its image is impressed upon the sensitive plate. The duration of the electric spark is almost infinitesimal, and since the plate is affected only during the continuance of the spark, a well-defined photograph of an object moving at a greater velocity than that of sound is obtained. Such pictures show the condensation of the air in front of the bullet, the vacuum behind it, and the eddies and currents produced in the surrounding atmosphere by its motion; and they afford information which is of value in determining the best shape to be given to the projectile in order to reduce to a minimum the resistance which the air opposes to its flight, and so increase its range and effect.

I hear from Portsmouth, from a generally trustworthy authority, says a correspondent, that it is definitely decided that the Camperdown is to be commissioned as flagship for the Mediterranean station instead of the Victoria, on account of the failure of the guns of the latter ship, which can no longer be disputed. I still, however, have my doubts, and am inclined to think that, *coute que coute*, the Admiralty, under pressure from the War Office, will despatch the Victoria for the service of Admiral Hoskins. It is expected that the Marathon and Magicienne will be commissioned very shortly.

There has been a protracted contest between the shipwrights and engineers as to the inadequate arrangements for getting coal from the bunkers to the furnaces in the most recent cruisers, in which the bunkers seem to have been carefully designed with a view to offer as many difficulties as possible to getting the coal out of them. The engineers have at last got their way. Alterations are now being made in various ships of the "protected" type, by which holes are being cut in their protective steel decks to facilitate the work of bringing coal to the fires. I hear that the constructors, who never go to sea, opposed the innovation tooth and nail, but were obliged to yield to the repeated representations of those principally concerned, the engineers, who have to go to sea, and the executive officers, who do not quite see the wit of having to send all the deck hands to trim coals on occasion because certain shipwrights do not like to acknowledge that their opposition to doors in the protective decks is merely a whim and a fad.

The Royal yatch Alberta, now in dock, is hardly recognisable; her forefoot on the port side is completely rotten, and is now being removed. She will be a long time before she is ready for service again. Meanwhile the Vivid is to take her place, though I should have thought the Enchantress in every way more convenient, suitable and economical.

Rear-Admiral Robert Scott, whose opinion on matters connected with naval gunnery is entitled to the utmost respect, declines to accept the theory that the cause of the destruction of the 38-ton muzzle-loading gun of the Ajax was the disintegration of the prism power, and its consequent change from a slow to a quick-burning explosive. A large number of gunnery officers disagree with the Admiral.

It has several times been reported that there was an intention of transferring the great Krupp gun factory from Essen to the United States, so that in case of a European war no patriotic or other difficulties should stand in the way of making money. An American journal would now have us believe that everything is settled, and that Herr Krupp will establish himself at Pittsburg, Pa. There are, however, good reasons for doubting the accuracy of the statement. It is quite true that Herr Krupp has had this migration under consideration, but, at present at all events, the conditions on which the flitting would have to be carried out do not seem to him by any means satisfactory.

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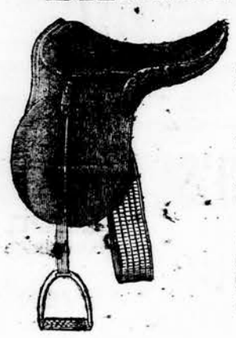

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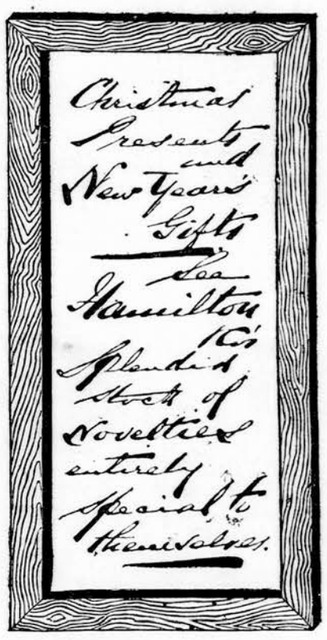

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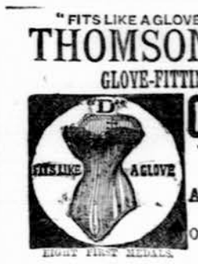

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